

TwoNav Delta 2.6

User's Manual

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1 Introduction

Thank you for purchasing **TwoNav**, the dual (for outdoor and in-car) GPS navigating system that will help you enjoy the best assistance to orientate you in any type of environment while carrying out any type of activity.

Having an appliance which offers directional assistance, both on-road and off-road, can prove invaluable for increasing the safety of these journeys.

Despite this, there is the possibility that, under certain circumstances, the user may become distracted by misuse of this technology, whereby it may in the end become a hazard to him or her, and to his or her environment.

This possibility of using TwoNav in any type of vehicle makes it particularly important to consider a series of rules and regulations for using it so, far from being a source of potential risks, will contribute to personal safety.

Most of these recommendations are concerned with using the system fitted in vehicles, although the bases of them should also be taken into account for journeys on foot.

- **Fitting the appliance correctly:** The appliance should be fitted in a place where it will not obstruct the vehicle driver's visibility of the road. It should additionally be secured, to ensure it cannot fall off easily and hinder driving.
- **Do not handle the appliance whilst driving:** The route planning should be completed before setting out. Any change or clarification required must be made with the vehicle stopped in a safe place, away from traffic (not on the road or kerbs).
- **When on the road, you should be guided by the sound signals:** The program's voice system will warn you of upcoming manoeuvres and of the distance to when you will have to carry these out. A glance at the visual information may be useful, but you should resort to this only if it can be done safely (with the vehicle appropriately stopped). When driving, you should always keep your eyes on the road.
- **The front-seat passenger can be a great help:** The navigator is normally facing the driver. If you have a front-seat passenger, we recommend this person be in charge of handling the appliance, making any clarifications or changes as required.
- **Getting it wrong is not a problem:** Neither navigators nor people are infallible machines. In the event an indication cannot be followed and a direction other than the fixed one is taken, the system will automatically calculate a new route, which will adapt to the new situation and will take you to your destination just the same.
- **Maps always contain errors:** Despite the tremendous updating work done by Tele Atlas, it is impossible to have 100% accurate information. Recent changes in correct street directions, new streets or restrictions due to road works are examples of

circumstances that may partially invalidate the route calculation made by TwoNav. It is very important to be alert to these changes and to adapt to the new situation. As soon as the program detects that it has not been able to follow the preset route, it will calculate a new one, which will take you to your destination just the same.

- TwoNav assists you in navigation. **Traffic regulations have always preference!**

2 Maintenance

2.1 Battery Recharge

The TwoNav Delta Li-on battery is recharged when is correctly mounted on its cradle.

Cradle can be connected to energy source in 2 ways:

- **DC/DC adaptor:** Connected to the battery of the vehicle (boat, motorcycle, car).



- **Charger for cigarette lighter:** Just need to plug in standard cigarette lighter.

Note: Battery is not charged when connected with USB port.

You can operate normally while TwoNav is connected to the power source, except [if it is connected to a PC](#).

2.2 Precautions

TwoNav Delta is a device prepared to resist the strain of an intensive use during the practice of outdoor activities and, therefore, its performance must not be affected by exposure to small bumps or to rain or splashing water.

However, in order to make the most of the system's performance it is advised, as far as possible, to prevent the device from suffering serious bumps and that its permanent exposure to dust or water.

Never soak the device in water. Avoid vibrations or rude movements on device while USB port is connected. It may deform USB port, being reparation out of warranty.

Important: Be sure that vehicle's generator and regulator can afford extra 12V 2A charge, otherwise irreparable damages might occur.

Important: NMEA cable pinout:

RED = NMEA IN + / Rx +

BLACK = NMEA IN - / Rx -

WHITE = NMEA OUT + / Tx +

BLUE = NMEA OUT - / Tx -

2.3 Autonomy

TwoNav Delta may operate around 3 consecutive hours with the screen ON with no need of recharging the battery and up to 10 hours with the screen OFF and recording the track.

The screen uses an important part of the energy resources, so turning it off may make the life of the device longer.

The screen of the device will be turned off by default after 1 minute of inactivity.

You may also turn the screen off manually by a sustained pressure on the 'HOLD' button.

From "Main Menu > Configuration > System > Autonomy", you may deactivate or modify this time, as well as enter other options that may improve the autonomy of the device.

Note: TwoNav Delta needs a minimum tension to be started. If battery is completely empty, PC USB connection cannot provide it, the device will not start. Same situation can happen with some wall chargers.

In this situation, you have several options to start device:

1. Plug it to its cradle
2. Use a 2A*h USB wall charger
3. Use a separate USB charger for battery. When it has some charge you can put it in Delta and it will be able to start device.

A 4th option is to leave it connected to a normal USB power source (PC or wall charger) and wait until it is charged enough to start automatically.

2.4 Connection to PC (storage unit)

When TwoNav Delta is connected to the PC by means of the USB wire, the device becomes a "storage unit". Two new storage units will then be shown on your PC:

- Delta: inner memory of the device
- Removable disk: Micro SD card that may be inserted into the device (not included).

By doing this, you will be able to transfer data from the PC to the Delta and vice versa. Please note that the folders to save data in the TwoNav Delta are:

- Maps: TwoNavData\Maps
- Data (Waypoints, routes and tracks): TwoNavData\Data

Even 'copy/pasting' files is possible from Windows explorer, it is highly recommended to use [CompeGPS Land](#) PC software to manage them. CompeGPS Land allows easily creating, editing and transferring files to TwoNav, becoming a necessary reference to have an advanced control over your outdoor trips. ([+info](#))

Note: GPS TwoNav Delta needs a minimum tension to be started. If battery is completely empty, PC USB connection can not provide it, the device will not start. Same situation can happen with some wall chargers. At FAQs section of www.compegps.com you will find more information on how to solve this supply problem.

2.5 Updating the software

The TwoNav software is continually being improved in order to add new functionalities and polish possible errors.

TwoNav has two software levels:

- **TwoNav:** Executed over the operating system and interacting with user.
- **Operating system:** Executed under TwoNav and controlling the more basic operations of the device.

Normally, software updates are for TwoNav, but operating system can also have updates.

Visit regularly the TwoNav (www.twonav.com) and CompeGPS (www.compegps.com) web pages to be regularly informed about the latest available version for your device and get to know the steps to follow for installing it.

3 General description

3.1 The device



On/Off button:

- Short press: turn device off
- Long press: main menu
- Long press (at least 10 seconds): device reset

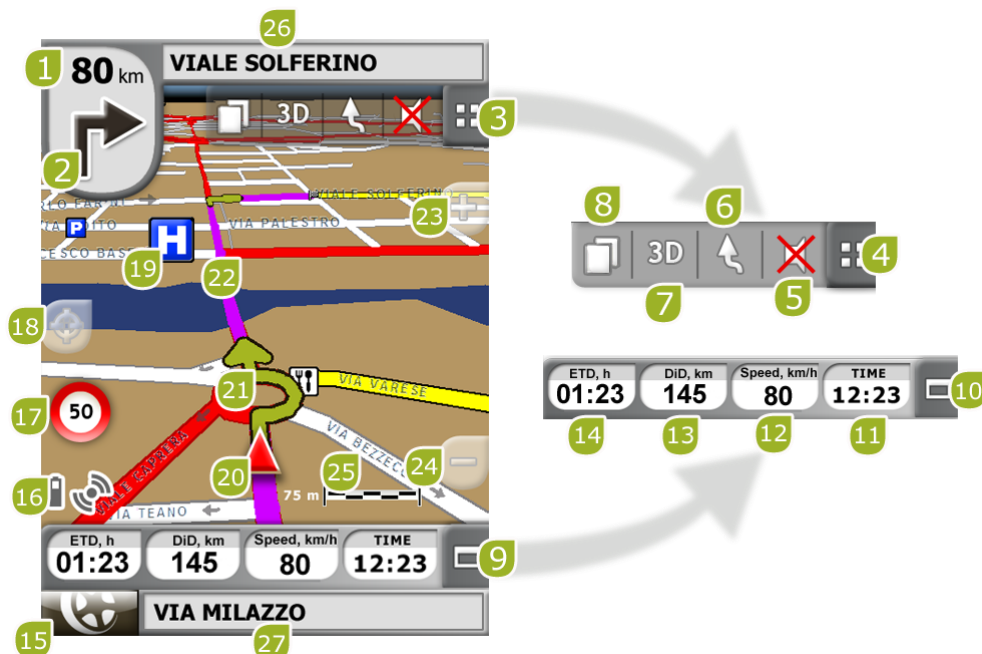
Page button:

- Short press: page
- Long press: create waypoint

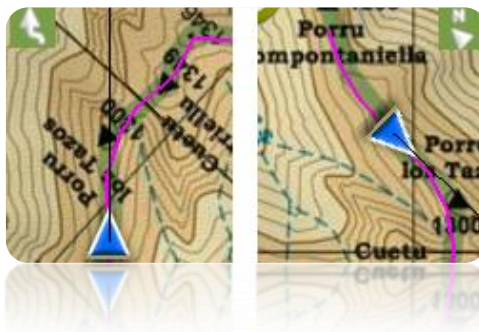
3.2 Navigation window

General/On-road

(On-road mode will only be available if V-map is available)



- Distance to next event:** Distance left to next event (roundabout, waypoint, exit).
- Next manoeuvre:** When navigating On-road, the 'next event' space will display a representation of the next manoeuvre to be done (right turn, left turn, roundabout, diversion, etc.).
- Tool Bar:** Its content can be customized from [Tool bar manager](#)
- Show/Hide tools**
- Mute**
- Orient map (north up/track up)*:** The map may be fixed on the north or rotate, depending on our movements.



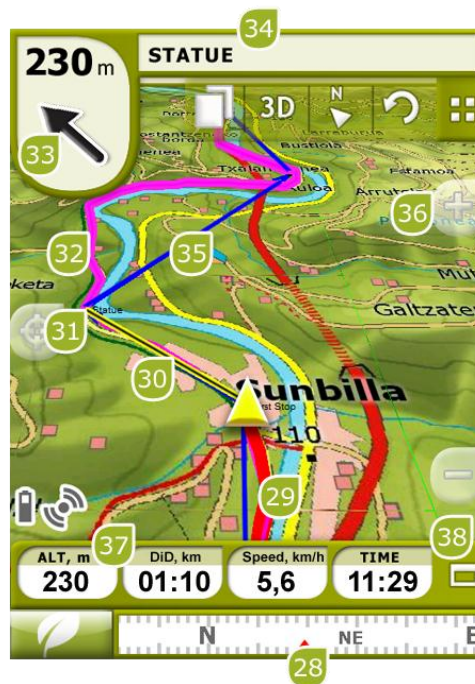
- 2D/3D:** Changes the perspective between 2D and 3D ([+info](#)).
- Data pages:** Enter [data pages](#) to check all type of information relating to your present navigation.
- Data bar:** Shows the data that is set from 'Settings > Display > Data fields' ([+info](#)).

10. **Show/Hide Data Bar:** You may hide the data bar to get a broader view of the map.
11. **Time:** It is refreshed with the data received from the GPS
12. **Speed**
13. **Distance to Destination**
14. **Estimated time of arrival to destination**
15. **Menu button:** Goes to TwoNav Main menu.
16. **Status icons (enters status window):** To indicate the present battery and GPS coverage level. The page '[Status](#)' is entered by pressing on them.
17. **Speed limit of present road:** Indicates the legal speed limit of the road on which we are.
18. **Re-centring (after sliding the map):** Press the '[re-centre](#)' button to focus on your present position after sliding over the map.
19. **POI:** V- map [point of interest](#) (petrol station, hotel, cash point, etc).
20. **Present position:** Indicates your position and present course. Its colour changes depending on the configured vehicle or if it is in '[Simulation](#)' mode.



21. **Manoeuvre indication:** Illustrates the manoeuvres to be carried out on the map and more accurately.
22. **Calculated Route:** Shows the automatically calculated route to be followed.
23. **Zoom +**
24. **Zoom -**
25. **Scale ruler:** Visual ruler to quickly evaluate distances on the screen.
26. **Next Street:** Indicates the next street to be taken following navigation.
27. **Present Street:** Name of the street where you are.

Off-road



28. **Compass:** Shows the orientation of the device. When current GPS position is inside radius of a waypoint, waypoint name will appear. If waypoint has an associated file, it can be reproduced clicking on its name ([+info](#))
29. **Currently Recorded Track:** If the [present track is being recorded](#), we can see its trace marks behind us.
30. **Guide line (waypoint direction/track):** Joins your present position to the place you are heading for (track or next waypoint)
31. **Next waypoint**
32. **Loaded Track**
33. **GOTO arrow:** Direction on which the next waypoint is. When following a track, it will indicate its direction (see [Off-road navigation](#)).
34. **Track name / Next Waypoint:** Name of the next waypoint or the track being followed.
35. **Loaded route**
36. **Pan/Rotate map:** Choose between two types of movements:
 - a. **Panning:** you may move along the map without changing orientation in order to see some new parts.



- b. Rotation: it changes the orientation of the map in a clock-wise or anti clock-wise sense (horizontal dragging) or up/down (vertical dragging).



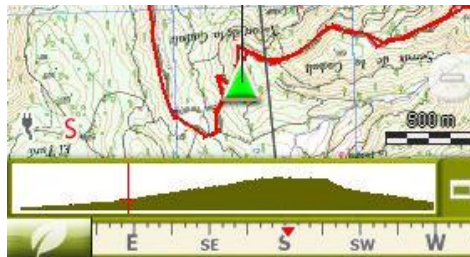
You may move the map dragging it by means of the touch screen or the joystick.

37. Altitude

38. **Show/hide graph/data bar:** You may hide the data bar to get a broader view of the map.

When navigating a route or a track, or just recording a track, graph will also be available here and this button will have 3 states:

- **Data bar**
- **Graph bar** (Won't be displayed for boat mode)
- **Nothing**



3.2.1 'Tool bar'

Tool bar allows a quick access to some functions.

Available functions can be configured from 'menu > settings > display > tool bar'.

[Tool bar manager](#) allows to add functions like 'MarkWPT' (create waypoint in current position), 'Mark & edit WPT' (create and enter brief information about waypoint), 'Screenshot' or many others.

Extra buttons are added automatically to tool bar in these specific situations:

- Simulating: functions to pause, stop and manage speed of simulation.



- Navigating a route, track with waypoints or itinerary: 'Next WPT' and 'Prev WPT' buttons to jump to next point or go back to the previous.



- Edit mode: press 'close edition'  when you finished creating your track or route.

Note: Press  to return to the original distribution you only have to click at the circular arrow.


3.2.2 'Data bar'

Data bar shows a few data fields and, when navigating a route or track, it has an extra state which shows altitude profile.

Click on the button at the right side to switch between data bar and graph bar or to hide it.



Data bar can be configured from 'menu > settings > display > Data bar'.

Data field manager also allows to customize data pages, which are accessed with the 'page'  button.

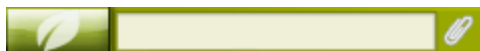
You can also change a concrete data field directly opening the [context menu](#) on it.

3.2.3 'InfoCurrent' and 'InfoNext'

At the top and at the bottom of the navigation window, there are two bars which may have various information related to navigation:

- **InfoCurrent:** Information related to present position:
 - Off-Road:
 - Default: Compass
 - Inside waypoint radius: Waypoint name. If waypoint has [associated files](#), click on it to reproduce.
 - On-Road:
 - Default: Current street
 - Inside waypoint radius: Waypoint name. If waypoint has [associated files](#), click on it to reproduce.

Note: Attached files can be found at 'Infocurrent' bar represented in a clip icon.



- **InfoNext:** Information related to next events. Not shown if no destination is selected.
 - Off-Road: Name of the next waypoint. If waypoint has description, it will be shown after the name.
 - On-Road:

- Default: Next street
- Signpost: Some roads have information about signposts. If this information is available for 'next manoeuvre' (e.g. highway exit) InfoNext will show a reproduction of the real signpost you will see in the road.

InfoNext can be displayed in 3 states depending on the size of the text to show:

1. One line: If text is too big to fit in one line, a little triangle at right will inform about availability of extended state. Just click on it to extend.



2. Extended: If text still doesn't fit, triangle will still be there. Click to open text viewer.



3. Text viewer: If text is even too big to fit in extended space, third state will be available with unlimited space.



If you press 'InfoNext', you will be redirected by default to the main menu of the application.

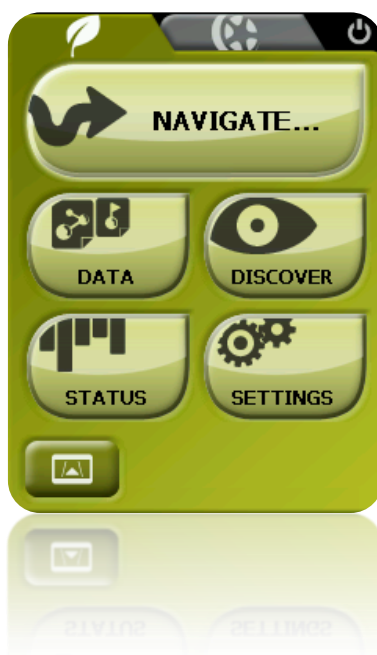
This option can be changed by selecting 'Settings > System > Advanced' with the user redirecting the function to any of the three proposed commands of TwoNav:

- Main menu (by default)
- Data page
- Tool bar

3.3 Menu

Most of the options of the program may be entered from the TwoNav Main menu.

The On-road/Off-road mode selectors can be found in it, as well as the access to the different sections of functions and a direct access to the map.



3.3.1 On-road/Off-road

TwoNav features two navigation modes to meet the needs of any environment.

Press the corresponding tab on the main menu to activate the most suitable mode for you.

Important: On-road mode will only be available if you have a routable V-map present in [maps folder](#). Otherwise, On-road tab will be disabled.

For further information, check the section [On-road/Off-road selector](#)

3.3.2 Navigate...

TwoNav features three basic ways of activating navigation towards a destination:

- By means of the Navigate button...
- By means of the waypoints, routes and tracks lists
- By means of selection on map

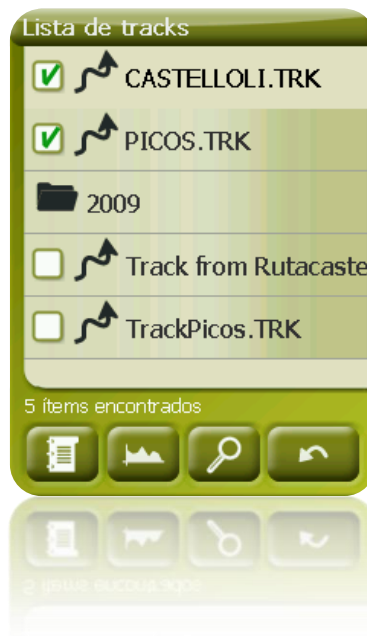
Check the section 'Select destination' for further information



3.3.3 Data Lists


By pressing on the data button on the main menu, you will be able to manage the available files on your device. This operation is carried out through the waypoints, routes, tracks and maps lists.

The files to be taken into consideration on this lists will be the ones saved in the folders 'TwoNavData/Maps' (for maps) and 'TwoNavData/Data' (tracks, routes and waypoints).

The general functions of these lists are as follows:











- **Available elements open:** The available elements on the data folder can be seen on this list. The open elements will be arranged on the top of the list with a ticked square. 
 - Press on the name of any element to open it.
 - Press on the left square  to close it.
- **Sub-elements:** By briefly clicking on the name of an element (waypoints file or route) the waypoints which it contains will be displayed. Press again on the name of the element to hide its contents.
- **Actions on the elements:** You can carry out diverse actions on each element. When selecting an element (click briefly on it) the bottom buttons of the list will show the most important functions for this element (see properties, zoom on the element, add waypoints, etc.). Next you have a list of the elements you can find:



- **Properties** : Inside properties you can also find :

- **Navigate**



- **Zoom to it** 
- **Zoom to it** : Show that element on map. Once in 'zoom to it' window, you can go to:
 - **Navigation window** 
 - **Back** 
- **Create new waypoints file** : Then you can create waypoint inside it.
- **Create new route** : Then add waypoints successively to with  button to build up the route.


Note: You can also create routes, waypoints and tracks by opening the [context menu](#) on navigation window.
- **Create new waypoint** : Several ways to choose position for new waypoint will be presented (current position, By map, copying other waypoint...).

Note: You can also create waypoints from [context menu](#) on navigation window and from the tool bar.
- **Show only maps from current area** 
- **Name filter** : Hides list elements which do not contain the entered combination of characters, so you can easily find elements in a long list.

To enter the list of all the functions keep the pressure on the element for a while [context menu](#) will open.

To get further knowledge of the elements included in the Data section, check the section [Waypoints](#), [Routes](#), [Tracks](#) and [Maps](#).


Elements of a list can be filtered to only show files which contain a combination of characters.

Press  button to enter a character combination to filter.

If a waypoints file is opened when filter is applied, its content will also be filtered. This means that waypoints which don't contain that character combination will not be shown until filter is disabled.

This is useful if you are searching for a concrete waypoint inside a waypoints file or route. Just open the waypoints file and activate 'name filter'.

After activating, filter can be easily disabled:

- If an element is opened, filter will be disabled.
- When leaving list page, filter will be disabled, so full list will be shown next time list is visited.
- If  button is pressed but no character is introduced, full list will be shown.

3.3.4 Discover

From the option 'Discover' on the main menu, you may enter useful tools in order to explore the areas you are going to visit:

- **Zoom to...:** Choose the element (address, POI, favourite, data or coordinates) that you wish to see on the map and it will be displayed on a new window.
- **Geocaching:** This section centralizes geocaching features, allowing to set a geocache as destination, see its information and generate field notes.
- **Simulate:** You may select two spots (present position, by address, by map, POI, etc.) to execute a simulation of navigation from spot **A** to spot **B**.
- **Stop simulation:** It stops the ongoing simulation.
- **3D Panorama:** By using this option you may get an aerial view of the surroundings. In order to do it, [3D mode](#) must be activated.
- **Data pages** ([+info](#))

3.3.5 Status

The 'Status' allows you to know the general status of the TwoNav by displaying fields such as battery level, reception and position of satellites, luminosity of the screen, audio or the recording of a track.

There are two ways of entering the 'Status' page:

- From 'Main Menu > Status'



- From the map, with the icons located on the bottom left

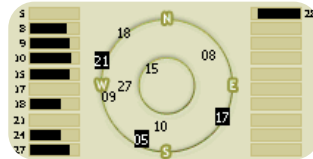



Once in the 'Status' page, you may enter to set the parameters it contains by pressing briefly on the percentage bar of each element. You will then enter the following items:





Satellites status: enter to see the number of satellites available, their distribution orbiting over the vault and the coverage they reach.



To disconnect the GPS press on the  button. If the GPS is disconnected, TwoNav will not receive any position signal and many of the options will stop working properly.

TwoNav will attempt to fix the current position. If you are anywhere without GPS cover (e.g.: inside a building), the GPS status will be **“Without position”**; i.e.: TwoNav has successfully established communication with the GPS, but the GPS cannot fix your position because there is no satellite signal.

GPS possible states:

Disconnected	
Connecting...	
Error (not found)	
Connected without position	
Connected and with position	
Simulating	



Battery: you will be able to see the percentage of load in the battery and, by clicking on it, you may manage the autonomy options of the device. [\(+info\)](#)



Brightness: percentage of luminosity displayed by the screen. [\(+info\)](#).



Audio: set the general audio and the volume of each audible element individually. [\(+info\)](#).



Triplog: by keeping the ‘record’ button pressed, the present track will be saved. Data fields and recorded tracks are synchronized, so if you press ‘pause’, you pause both counters (chronometer, distance, mean speed...) and track recording until ‘record’ is pressed again. Press ‘stop’ to reset the triplog [\(+info\)](#).

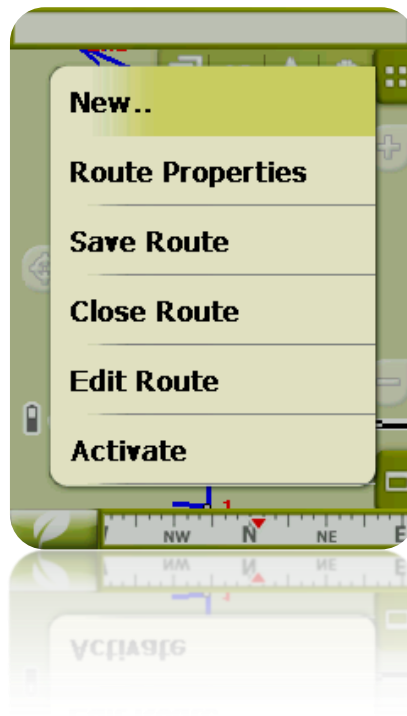


3.3.6 Settings

The page 'Settings' enters the main options to customize TwoNav for each type of use (see section [Settings](#) for more details). These options are grouped in the following sections '[Display](#)', '[Vehicle](#)', '[Navigation](#)', '[System](#)'.

3.4 Contextual menus

TwoNav uses Contextual Menus to enter the most adequate functions for each moment and option in an easy and quick manner.



To open the Contextual Menu of any element (track, map, waypoint...), **press on it for one second**. You may open contextual menus on the following settings of the user interface:

- **Navigation window (map):** Depending on the element on which you open the Contextual, you may enter different functions. There is a description of the available functions on the menu of each element on the specific sections for [waypoints](#), [routes](#), [tracks](#) or [maps](#).
- **Data fields:** When opening the Contextual on the data fields (on the data bar or the data pages) you will be able to modify the available fields, set an alarm or enter other functions that may change depending on the field (reset, countdown, etc.). ([+info](#))
- **Lists:** The Contextual Menu may be opened to see the different actions to carry out on any given element ([waypoints](#), [routes](#), [tracks](#) and [maps](#)) by clicking on its name from the [data lists](#).

3.5 Shifting over lists

TwoNav uses a system of lists on the various situations: [data](#) (tracks, waypoints, routes and maps), [data fields](#), [contextual menus](#), etc.

A *scroll* system has been developed in order to facilitate the shifting through these lists, which allows for the movement around the different options by dragging the pen or finger upwards or downwards.

If you execute a brief shift, the last displayed element will become the first on the list.

If you execute a long shift, the list will keep scrolling down and it will stop at the end or by pressing on the screen.



If you want to move along the lists in a more accurate way, you may use the side arrows to achieve a more controlled movement.

3.6 Using MicroSD slot

TwoNav Delta allows to extend storage memory with a MicroSD card. By default, MicroSD card data must be placed following the typical TwoNav data organization:

- **Maps:** TwoNavData/Maps
- **Data** (tracks, rutas, waypoints): TwoNavData/Data

If you don't create a TwoNavData/Maps folder and save your maps in it, they will not be shown in TwoNav's maps list.

You can modify TwoNav's folders configuration to search for maps in other folders. Just go to 'Settings > System > Folders' and add a new maps folder or modify an existing one.

For example, you can choose MicroSD card root so any map in SD card will be read, no matter in which folder it is.

4 Settings



TwoNav is set by default so as to meet the needs of most users. However, it is important that you spend some time analyzing which are the best options for the use you want to give to it and to adapt it to the conditions in each moment.

4.1 On-road/Off-road Selector

TwoNav has two navigation modes: **On-road and Off-road**. You can clearly see the mode you are on by looking at the colour of the users interface (green or grey). The functionalities of the program also change in various aspects, which are generally explained in this section and are detailed in other sections of this manual.

You may change the TwoNav navigation mode by pressing on the tabs on the top of the Main menu:



- **Off-road**  : The areas where open air activities are carried out do not usually have usable information for the automatic calculation of the route, and therefore cartography will only be useful as a visual reference. In order to have assistance for orientation you will have to use positional references (waypoints, routes and tracks) that you can create yourself or get from diverse sources, such as friends, web pages or Internet forums. See sections '[Waypoints](#), [Routes](#) and [Tracks](#)'.
- **On-road**  : It uses the information of the road maps (V-maps from CompeGPS) to calculate automatically the route that we must follow to reach our destination. This route will take into consideration the available roads and will give detailed orientation through them using visual and voice indications. See sections '[Automaps](#)'.
Important: On-road mode will only be available if you have a routable V-map present in [maps folder](#). Otherwise, On-road tab will be disabled.

Depending on the current mode, next features will change:

- Options: You can have specific options configuration for On-Road and another one for Off-Road. Not all options are profilable. Here you have the list of profilable options:
 - In '[Display](#)' options:
 - Automaps
 - Orient (track up / North up)
 - Autozoom
 - Re-center
 - Rotate screen
 - Data fields
 - Tool bar
 - 3D Reliefs options
 - 3D mode
 - Scale bar

- Pointer options
- List menu
- In '[System > Advanced](#)' options:
 - Static navigation
- [Data fields](#): Content of data bar and data pages is different to better fit the needs of each use. A change in one mode will not affect the other, so you can configure a specific set of data fields for On-Road and another one for Off-Road.
- [Tool bar](#): You can also configure a specific set of tools for each mode.
- Menu: Availability and order of some functions will change. Check '[Navigation options](#)' sections.

4.2 2D/3D/3D+

TwoNav offers three visualizing modes so you have the most adequate perspective in each moment.

- 2D: Zenith Plan.
- 3D: Three dimensional flat image, i.e. with no relief, but with a perspective.
- 3D+: Displays the holography of the terrain in real 3D.
This mode will only be available if next requirements are met:
 - [Elevation map](#) loaded (CDEM)
 - [Raster map](#) loaded (normally RMAP or ECW)



Press **2D** button in tools bar to change mode. By default, this button has **2 positions**:

- **2D**
- **3D/3D+**: TwoNav will try to show 3D+ mode. If not possible, 3D (flat) will be shown.

From [3D mode](#) options you can configure this button to have 3 positions instead of 2:

- **2D**
- **3D (flat)**
- **3D+**


Notes on 3D+:

1. Remember that it is required to have a raster map and an elevation map (CDEM). Otherwise this mode will not work.

- In 'Off-road' mode, when trying to enter 3D+, an available CDEM in the area will be sought and it will open automatically. In On-road mode, you will have to load the CDEM manually.
- Vectorial maps won't be displayed in 3D+ mode.


4.3 Data fields

TwoNav contains a multitude of data on your navigation that may be of great interest in your outings (speed, height, distances...). This data is basically found in two spaces:

- Data bar:** The data bar will be displayed at the bottom of the screen during navigation. You will be able to keep it visible or hide it by means of the  icon.



When navigating a route or a track, or just recording a track, graph will also be available here and this button will have 3 states:

- Data bar**
 - Graph bar**
 - Nothing**
- Data pages:** The data pages offer you an additional space to the data bar in order to display a larger number of fields in a more clear way. Press the  button to enter them.

TwoNav contains three pages of data that are displayed in order:

- Data page: 8 data fields.



- Compass page: a special field with an illustration of the compass and 6 data fields.



3. Graph page: It contains a special field with an altitude profile. If you are navigating a route or a track, it will be shown with current position marked by a vertical red line. You can zoom using buttons at top right. If not navigating a route or a track, currently recorded track will be shown. 4 data fields related with altitude accompany the graph.



Both the data bar as the data pages can be [set](#) in order to show the field that interests you most.

Besides, most of them have additional functions, such as an alarm programmer.

Data fields are [configurable](#) to have a different set for On-Road or Off-Road. Changes made in one mode will not affect the other.

4.3.1 Selection of the data fields

You can select data fields in two ways:

- **Change just one field:** By opening the contextual menu in any field (long click) and selecting 'Change this field'. This will let you choose directly the data to display in that field.
- **Data field manager:** From 'Main Menu > Settings > Display > Data fields'. Check the section '[Fields](#)' for a more detailed description of the functionalities of this editor.

You can find the list of the available fields in [appendix 1](#)

4.3.2 Special Functions

When opening a contextual menu on a data field, you will find the available functions associated to this field.



The options are not the same in all fields. Here follows a description of the ones you may find:

1. **Data Fields:** Enters the editor of the available fields.
2. **Don't show this field:** Eliminates a datum immediately.
3. **Program alarm:** Define a higher or lower limit as the type of signal (visual or audible) to let you know when exiting this range. In case an audible signal is added, you must choose the sound file you wish to be reproduced.
4. **Reset:** Typically, you may find it in fields such as the travelled distance meter (odometer) or chronometer. They reset the counter to 0.
5. **Reset all:** Resets all data fields that can be reset except total odometer 1 and 2.
6. **Countdown:** You may define the value from which units of distance and time will keep being subtracted (according to field) until reaching 0.

4.4 Record the track

You may choose if you want to keep saving your present trip in a track or not.

Go to the [Status](#) window and press the 'record' key so your movements are added to the currently recorded track.



TripLog has been designed to control all track data ('trip computer') and points of track recording ('tracklog') at the same time. Data fields and recorded tracks are synchronized, so if you press 'pause', you pause both counters (chronometer, distance, mean speed...) and track recording until 'record' is pressed again. Press 'stop' to reset the triplog.

Access to triplog from:

- Status window
- Context menu at 'Chronometer' data field
- Adding 'Pause' command at the toolbar

Note: When starting new navigation or changing mode, the user is asked to re-start triplog.

You can configure accuracy level of recorded track from tracklog options ([+info](#)). Recorded tracks are placed at 'Tracklog' folder.

4.5 Favourites

Besides the possibility of creating geo-referenced points ([waypoints](#)), TwoNav also has the possibility of setting up all types of geographical locations, such as **Favourites** points to which navigate. Your home, a restaurant you like, a spectacular park you have visited, your children's school..., may become part of your favourites list.

You may enter to set up your **Favourites** from the main menu:



The **Favourites** list is not set by default, so you have to set it up yourself introducing the elements to make up this list. Therefore, the first time you enter **Favourites**, you will find the following screen:




Press on the 'stylus' icon to edit this list 

On the following screen, the 'add' icon lets you create your first **Favourite** point 





Choose the way you want to create your Favourite point:

- **Present position:** it will establish your [current position](#) as a favourite point, and will ask you directly to add a name or establish it as your home.
- **Present destination:** it will establish the present destination of the active navigation.
- **Address:** it will let you create by choosing an address (city, street, number).
- **By map:** you will be able to create a favourite on the map currently loaded. Press on the wished place and a red cross will indicate the point where this favourite will be established.
- **By waypoint:** Choose a [waypoint](#) from the available [waypoints files](#) in order to establish the favourite point using your coordinates.

Your **Favourites** will be displayed on the map and in the favourites list with the  icon.

The point established as 'Home' will be represented by the  icon

Once a **Favourite** point is created you will be able to:

- Edit the characteristics of your **Favourite** by means of the  tool.
- Add or delete **Favourites** from your list by means of the   tools
- Make this **Favourite** your present destination by means of the  tool.



4.6 Display

4.6.1 Available commands Default/Advanced

Default:

- Automaps
- Orientate map
- Autozoom
- Night view
- Re-centring
- Rotate screen

Advanced:

- Data fields
- Tool bar
- Active POI
- Active personal POI
- 3D landscapes
- 3D mode
- Scale ruler
- Pointer
- List menu

4.6.2 Automaps



The easiest way to use the most suitable map for each situation is to activate the function 'Automaps', so in '[On-road](#)' mode the Vmap road map will open automatically and in '[Off-road](#)' mode it will close and the map with the best resolution for our present position will open.

The 'Automaps' option is off when a cross is displayed on the icon:



It is recommended to have the Automaps option always on, and more especially on those instances in which you need to make a change in navigation mode during the route. For example, if you switch from Off-road mode to On-road mode and 'Automaps' is not on, it will mean that the new On-road route won't be properly calculated and the Off-road mode will still be displayed on the screen in spite of having the most suitable map for each navigation mode.

'Automap' possibilities:


- **Auto-open maps:** Opens the most suitable map for each situation
- **Auto-open on-line maps:** Opens the most suitable on-line map (only visible in connected devices)

- **Auto-open reliefs (*.CDEM):** Opens the most suitable elevation map for each situation (enabled independently from 'Auto-open maps')


Note: The best map can also be opened from the contextual menu.

4.6.3 Orientate map

You may choose between two display modes for the elements loaded on the map window:

- Orientate map towards  course (track upwards): The map will rotate to adapt to your present course, and so the perspective in front of you will be displayed on the screen.



- No orientate the map  (north upwards): Your position will be marked with the pointer in the centre of the screen and the pointer will rotate to show your present course. The map won't rotate and the North will always be upwards.



You may modify this option from the button bar on the navigation window or from the 'display' menu.

4.6.4 2D/3D

If you want to change between 2D to 3D, or vice versa, you only have to alternate both modes at 'Menu > Settings > Display'. ([information about 3D mode](#))

4.6.5 Auto zoom



If the Auto zoom mode is active, the program will calculate the most suitable zoom for the present speed. Generally, the higher the speed, the further it will go.

- **Automatic**
- **Show destination** (zoom window including the current position and the destination)
- **Show next event** (zoom window including the current position and the following route/waypoint/roadbook point,...)
- **Show all current leg** (zoom window including the current position and the present leg or full track)
- **Fixed by user** (settable from 'Fix scale')
- **100% of current primary map** (the whole map is displayed)

Moreover, during the navigation, if 'Force 2D' is enabled, 2D map view is automatically set even other views are currently displayed.

4.6.6 Night view

In low ambient light conditions, the colours and brightness of the TwoNav screen may dazzle you.

TwoNav contains a 'night mode' that reduces the brightness of the screen and displays a user interface of darker tones.


By activating the 'At night and tunnels' option, TwoNav changes to 'night mode' automatically at night or when inside a tunnel.

The option 'At night' makes it automatic but only for night and not for tunnels.

If 'automatic' is off, you will be able to select manually if you wish to have the night mode on or not.

Note: TwoNav always keeps the time updated as long as the device receives the GPS signal. Usually, inside buildings, there is no reception of satellite signals and so, automatic 'Night View' may be affected.

4.6.7 Re-centring

While navigating you may move the map to see other parts of the grounds, losing the reference of your present position. In these cases, a re-centring button  will be displayed on the screen.

TwoNav contains an automatic re-centring function, so if the map is not moved manually for 10 seconds, it will centre back to its present position.

The time for re-centring may be modified and even turn it off, leaving the option of pressing the re-centring button to go back to your position.

Re-centring can be performed with a smooth movement or instantaneously. Enable or disable 'smooth re-centre' option as you prefer.

Note: If the function 'auto zoom' is activated, when pressing re-centring, the zoom suitable for your present speed will also return, losing then the variation of the zoom level you may have done.

4.6.8 Rotate screen

By activating the option 'Rotate screen' you may get a landscape view of it and then use TwoNav horizontally.

Rotate the screen in the various angles to adapt it to your preferences.



4.6.9 Themes

You can select different color combinations according to your preferences.

4.6.10 Labels

Next parameters can be configured:

- Font size for all labels: Labels of elements like waypoints or POI will have this size.
- Font color for new WPTs: Default waypoint property for next waypoints that will be created. Waypoints which were created previously will keep their color.
- Background color for new WPTs: Same as 'font color' but for label's background
- Background transparent for new WPTs: Background can also be transparent.
- WPT icon position: waypoints on-screen presentation. Possible icon positions are:
 - Centered and without background (third example)
 - Centered (second example)
 - Elevated (first example)



4.6.11 Hint

Specific information for each clicked point on map will pop up on the screen in a yellow label showing fields with useful information.



This function can be personalized, or even disabled, according to the will of the user. There you will be able to add or exclude data fields which later on will be displayed on maps:

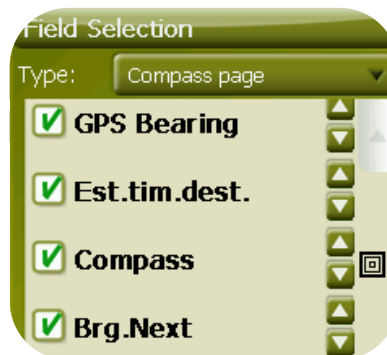
- Map info: only for vector maps like Vmaps.
- Coordinates
- Bearing (from current position)
- Distance (from current position)
- Height (if CDEM available)

4.6.12 Data Fields


Data bar and data pages can be configured to fit your specific preferences.

Once inside the editor, take the following steps:

1. Press on the 'Type' pull-down menu to choose the section to be set.
2. Select the space you wish to edit (bar, page, compass o graph).
3. You may delete data by pressing on the left 'check' mark and add other data by pressing on them. See a list of these variables and their meaning in [Appendix 1](#).
4. On the compass and graph pages, a squared icon on the side shows the place corresponding to the enhanced field (normally compass and track graph) that will be enlarged on the screen.



5. You may modify the order of the data on screen with the arrows on the right of the window and they will shift the datum up or down one position.

Note: By default, only fields of frequent use will be shown, alphabetically ordered. If 'infinite'  button is pressed, full list of data fields will be shown.

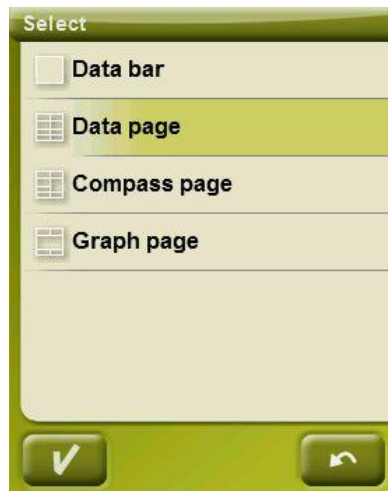
You can also add or remove pages to de default ones using the + or - symbols at top right of the data field manager window.



Just press - to remove currently selected data page.

Follow next steps to add a new page:

1. Press '+'
2. Enter a name for new page
3. Select a template for new data page

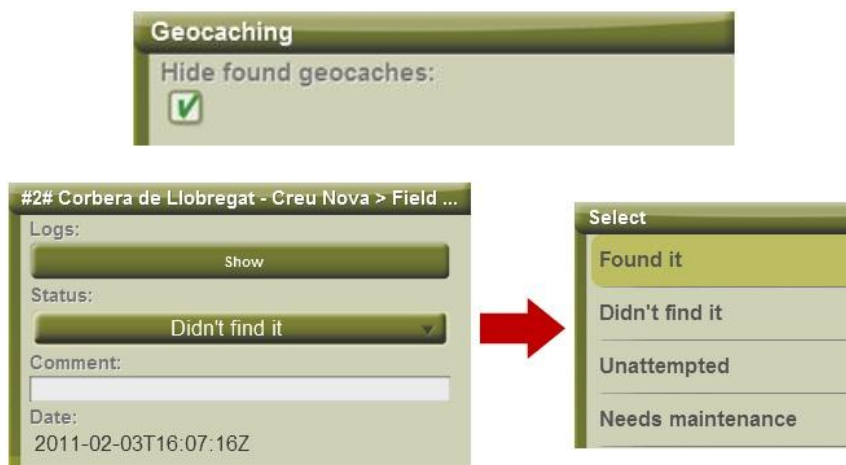


4. Choose data fields for it.

You can find a list of the available fields in [appendix 1](#)

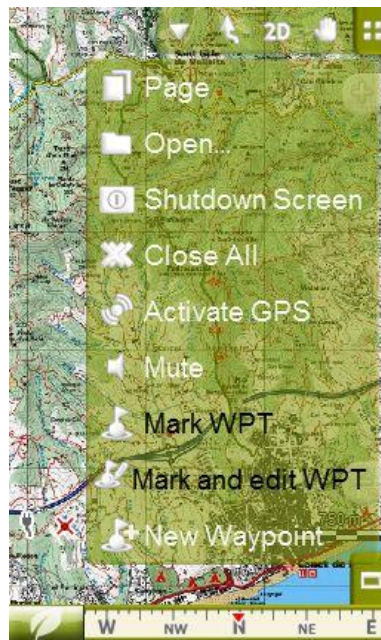
4.6.13 Geocaching

At 'Settings > Display > Geocaching', the user will be able to hide geocaches that have been labelled as '**found geocache**'. These geocaches will not appear on the map, thus avoiding to see geocaches that were previously found.



4.6.14 Tool bar

Tool bar can be customized to show the better combination for user.



Tool bar manager works in the same way as [data field manager](#).

Next functions can be added to the tool bar:

- Page: Access data pages
- 3D mode: Switch 2D-3D/3D+
- Orient map: Track up / North up
- Pan/Rotate: Movement mode
- Open...: Open file
- Shutdown screen
- Close all: Close all open files.
- Activate GPS: Start/Stop GPS connection
- Mark WPT: Creates waypoint in current GPS position with default name and icon in one click
- Mark and edit WPT: Creates a waypoint in current GPS position and access to properties so you can customize it.
- New waypoint: Create a waypoint choosing where to place it and customizing its properties.
- Mute
- Window zoom: draw an area on map to zoom to it.
- Full screen: Most of user interface elements will be hidden to get a wider view of the map.
- Zoom 100%: zoom will be automatically set so map is shown at its maximum resolution.
- Screenshot: saved in TwoNav/Temp folder.
- Search for a more detailed map: it will try to load a map of higher resolution than the currently loaded.
- Start/Stop: the user is able to start navigating by selecting any destination from 'Navigate...' menu. If the same button is pressed again, the navigation is stopped.
- Next Waypoint: When navigating a route or a track with waypoints, switch to the next one.
- Previous Waypoint: When navigating a route or a track with waypoints, switch to the previous one.

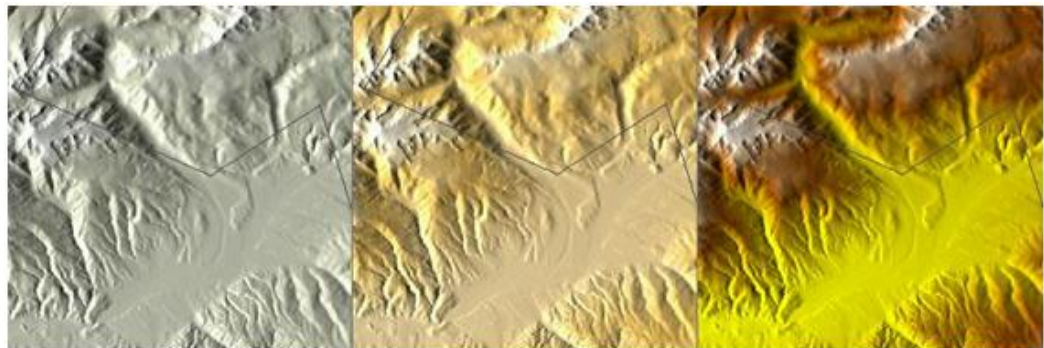
Note: NextWPT and Previous WPT tools will only be visible when navigating a route or a track which contains waypoints.

4.6.15 3D Reliefs

TwoNav may use elevation maps (grid with information on the height of the ground) to have the altitude data on the references created with the program (e.g. tracks, waypoints, etc.) to habilitate the visualizing mode [3D+](#) (3D real).

Besides remaining subjacent and supply the ground altitude data, the 3D relieves may be seen with the following options:

- **Draw landscapes on the 2D view:** It will be seen if a CDEM is loaded, although it will take position in the lowest layer so any other loaded map will be displayed on top.
- **Relief colour selector:** the user is able to select between three different hypsometric colour options for his maps: high contrast colours, low contrast colours or default palette of colours.



- **Draw landscape with shadow:** This visual option makes the relief drawing more attractive.
- **Flat colour steps:** Instead of using a fading colour, just one plain colour for each height interval will be used. This interval can be preset from the unfolding menu just below.
- **2D Shaded relief:** Relief shadows can be displayed on maps presented in 2D mode.



4.6.16 3D mode

You may set the following options for 3D mode:

- 3D mode: Choose the sequence for [2D](#) button in tools bar:
 - 2D-3D+ (if raster map): 2 positions:
 - 2D

- 3D/3D+: TwoNav will try to show 3D+ mode. If not possible, 3D (flat) will be shown.
- 2D-3D-3D+: 3 positions:
 - 2D
 - 3D (flat)
 - 3D+

3D+ mode will only be shown if its requirements are met (see [2D/3D/3D+](#) section)

- Altitude exaggeration: Multiplies the altitude of the relief to make a clearer effect in 3D+.
- Shading: This option will cause the relief to be displayed in a clearer and attractive way, as it features shadow simulations enhancing thus the variations of the grounds. This option is only effective on the 3D+.
- Field of vision: the field of vision determines the angle from which the map will be seen. When introducing angles over 60°, it is like a camera with wide lenses.
- Misty horizon: the furthest part to the perspective becomes faded, creating a misty effect between the sky and the map that distinguishes them more clearly.
- Sea level: When the height is under the sea level, 3D mode can also represent the situation by fixing the current value of the sea level (*.CDEM elevation map required). By default, the level of the sea is set at 0 meters.

4.6.17 Active POIs

By means of the active POIs list you will be able to choose the POIs categories that the map is to show.

All the POIs will be shown by default, but if the vision of certain categories is useless for you or even interferes, you may take them off so the map does not show them.

When [selecting destination](#) or '[zoom to](#)' you will have all the information of the POIs categories, even those not being shown on the map.

4.6.18 Active personal POIs

By means of the active personal POIs list you will be able to choose the [personal POIs](#) files that will be shown on navigation window.

When [selecting destination](#) or '[zoom to](#)' you will have all the information of the POIs files, even those not being shown on the map.

4.6.19 Scale bar

The Scale Ruler draws a metric visual reference over the distances managed by the screen. The scale changes size to represent 'rounded' measurements.



4.6.20 Pointer

The icon signalling your present position can be modified choosing among various designs.

Different icon can be chosen for each [vehicle](#).



Besides, you may find different utilities to help you control your movement better:

- **Fixed ring and parallels:** a circumference encircling our position will be drawn and two lines will indicate the course.
- **Fixed ring radius:** it determines the size of the circumference surrounding our position.
- **Draw the parallel bow lines:** we may choose to display or not the parallel lines of the first option.
- **Prow lines:** you can configure the length of the prow line by setting a defined option:
 - Disabled
 - Pixels (pixels)
 - Real distance (meters)
 - Expected distance in time (minutes): TwoNav will calculate the estimated distance to be covered in that time at current speed.
 - Infinite

Note: These properties depend on the selected vehicle.

- **Variable ring:** you may add more rings around your position. You have to define the radius of the inner ring and the number of successive rings which will be equidistant from the first inner ring.
- **See turning radius:** when turning, the radius corresponding to the circumference described will be displayed.
- **See bow line:** shows the direction line from the point of the position arrow (only in '[Off-road](#)' mode).

4.6.21 Smoother

The smoother lets the program calculate an interpolation of movement between the positions that the GPS adopts with the aim of showing a gentler movement to allow for a better perception of the speed at which we are driving in relation with the surroundings. This helps enormously the driver to calculate the distances and the exact moment in which to carry out a manoeuvre.

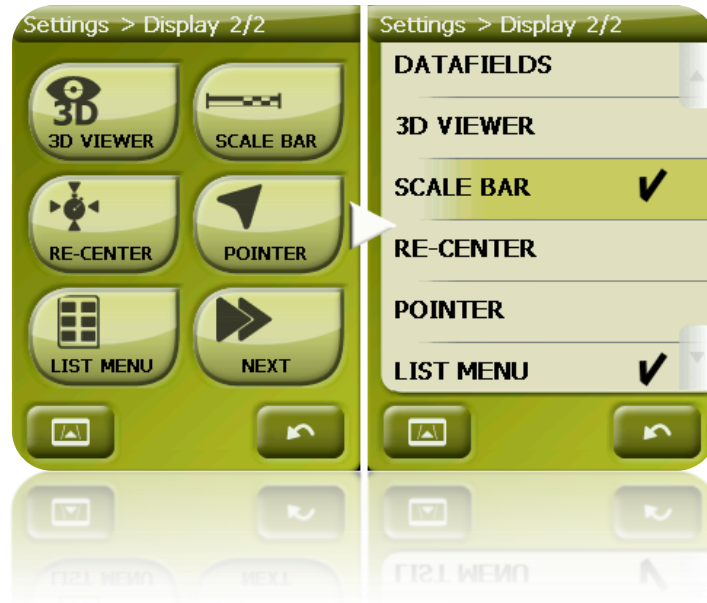
Besides, it also makes a prediction of GPS position, correcting delay on the signal caused by the system, achieving to show current position almost in real time.

Smoother is based on route calculated in On-Road mode, so it will only work if a destination is set and route has been automatically calculated on V-map.

4.6.22 List menu

You may choose between two display modes of the submenus:

- Button menu: This is the traditional mode. If there are more options than the screen can display, the 'next' button will appear in order to enter it.
- List Menu: The options will be displayed on a continuous [list](#). To move the list UP and DOWN keep the finger or the stylus on the list and drag.



4.7 Vehicle

Choose your transport system to adapt aspects such as the types of roads allowed, the consideration of street direction or the expected average speed.

The icon indicating your position will change colour depending on the chosen system of transport.



Available vehicles are:

- Walk
- Bike
- Car
- Boat

Next parameters will vary depending on the current vehicle:

- [Hint content](#)
- [Cruise speed](#)
- [Autorouting restrictions \(On-Road\)](#)
- [Estimated times](#)
- [Pointer](#)
- ['Minimum moving speed'](#)

4.7.1 Vehicle configuration

Next parameters can be configured for each vehicle:

- Cruise speed: Expected mean speed for that vehicle. This value will determine 'Estimated time at destination (cruise)' and 'Estimated time at next (cruise)' data field.

Default 'Cruise speed' is:

- Walk: 3km/h
- Bike: 15km/h
- Car: 80km/h
- Boat: 20km/h
- Draft (only for 'Boat'): depth to which a vessel is immersed. This value will determine the 'depth alarms'.

4.7.2 Special stuff on 'Boat' vehicle

Since marine navigation has special needs comparing to terrestrial navigation, when 'Boat' vehicle is selected some special changes (in addition to normal changes related to vehicle) will take place:

- Specific 'Data fields' in Data bar and Data pages
- Specific main menu (specially changing 'Navigate...' section)
- Specific tool bar
- 'Man Over board' command available for main menu and tool bar
- Different skin
- Marine units (nautical miles, knots...)
- Marine charts will be loaded if present, only if 'Automaps' option is enabled.

Note: Since 'On-Road' navigation has no sense in 'Boat' vehicle, 'Off-Road' mode will be automatically enabled when 'Boat' is selected. If 'On-Road' tab is pressed, vehicle will be changed to the previously selected in that mode.

4.8 Navigation

4.8.1 Available commands Onroad/Offroad and Default/Advanced

4.8.1.1 On-Road

Default:

- Autoroute
- Speed limit
- Ecocalculator
- Smoother
- Tracklog

Advanced:

- WPT Alert
- Next WPT

4.8.1.2 Off-Road

Default:

- Tracklog
- WPT Alert

- Next WPT

Advanced:

- Speed limit
- Ecocalculator

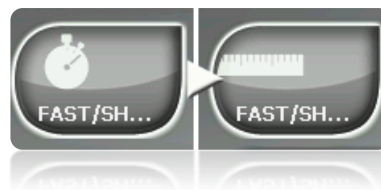
4.8.2 Auto route



The 'On-road' navigation mode can be adjusted so the automatic calculation of your routes is done according to your preferences:

- Fast/Short: The first option will calculate the estimated time of arrival, bearing in mind the speed of each road and will suggest the navigation which takes shorter. The second option will suggest a navigation based on distance, choosing the shortest way, although it may not be the fastest.

When the option 'by time' is activated, a chronometer will be displayed as a key icon. If a rule is displayed, the shortest route in distance will be calculated.



- Tolls/Highways/Unpaved: Select to choose any of these types of roads.



A tick on the icon means that this type of route won't be used for the automatic calculation of the route.



- Re-calculation: Although TwoNav is configured with the most suitable relation for most cases, you may select the time or distance from the programmed route before it is considered that you are not following it and it is recalculated, adapting it to the present position.



4.8.3 Speed limit

This section gives you options related to the speed alerts and traffic radars and can be set according to your preferences:

- **Set a speed limit:** the speed limit of each particular road will be considered by default, but you can set a fixed speed limit disregards the limit of each road.
- **Speed alert:** If you wish TwoNav to let you know when you drive over the established speed limit, you may choose among the different alert types, such as a speed limit icon, a visual alert or a visual alert plus an audible alert, or on the contrary, choose that it does not inform of it.
- **Speed to block interface:** When is higher than this value, User Interface will be blocked to user can not manipulate the system. It is important to configure this function according to laws of each country.
- **Radar alert:** You may select if you wish to be informed of the presence of radars on your route by activating this option.
- **Radar distance alert:** You may select the distance at which you wish to be informed of the presence of a radar within some preset values.
- **Show radars:** The exact position of all radars will be indicated by means of an icon on the map. I have a question.

Note: For all the radar related functions to be operative you must have a file with this information in 'TwoNavData > Radars' ([+info](#)).

4.8.4 Ecocalculator

The Ecocalculator lets you know the CO₂ emissions of your car and show it after the Data Bar ([Data fields](#)) during navigation if preset. To be able to calculate this emission, TwoNav considers the following parameters:

- Type of fuel: choose if the fuel is diesel or gasoline and introduce directly the emission per grams of CO₂ per kilometre of your vehicle if you know this data.
- Administrative Power: engine power (CV), choosing among the preset options shown.

4.8.5 Tracklog

While navigating, TwoNav may [automatically record the track](#) of your departure and save it in the **TwoNavData** folder.

Set up according to your needs or preferences:

- **Recording interval:** Choose the type of recording and interval you wish for the track to be generated for your navigation.
 - **By time:** The point of each track will be recorder every X seconds.
 - **By distance:** The point of each track will be recorder every X meters.
 - **Automatic:** the track will be automatically recorded when changing course and depending on speed. In a straight line, the program will record few points.
- **Track colour*:** Choose the colour for the generated track.
- **Thickness*:** Choose the thickness of the line representing the track between values of 1 to 7 points.
- **Points shown without reduction*:** The recorded track will be visible on the screen. Latest points will be shown as they are recorded (no reduction). You can choose how long will be this latest section of the track which will show all of its track points.
- **Reduction for previous points*:** In order to save memory, it is recommended to make a reduction of the rest of the shown track. Choose a reduction % and the shown track (except the latest points) will be reduced. For example, if you choose 80% reduction, only 1 of every 5 points will be shown on screen.
Important: This reduction does not affect the recorded track file, which will keep all points. Only concerns to what is displayed on screen at that moment.

* Option only shown if ['advanced mode'](#) is activated.

4.8.6 WPT alert

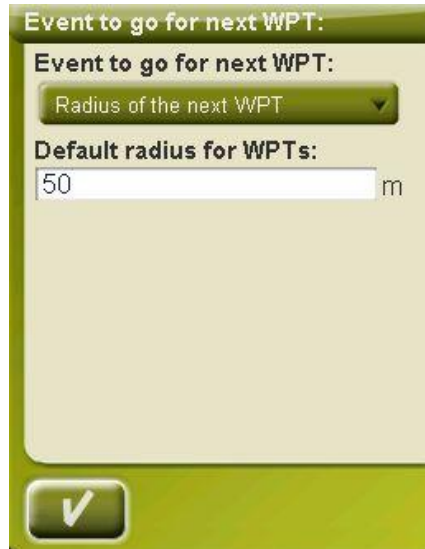
- 'Sound alarm at waypoints' Activate this option if you wish that, when reaching a waypoint, a sound is heard. Load your SD card (folder: 'TwoNavData/Data' by default) the sounds that you want in *.wav format and select the sound.
- Auto-play attached images/sounds/text: If waypoint has [associated files](#), they can be automatically reproduced when inside waypoint radius.

4.8.7 Next WPT

When navigating a route, you can select the required event to validate a waypoint and switch to next one:

- Radius of the next WPT: Enter inside the radius of the next waypoint (not any).
- Radius of any next WPT: Enter inside the radius of any of the next waypoint (next one and any of the succeeding ones are OK but not the previous).
- Roadbook mode: When entering the radius of any waypoint, it will be set as next. When going out of it, next one will be activated. This mode is thought for roadbooks, because when following a roadbook it is required to show the information of the current waypoint while in its surroundings. This way, instructions for each point can be followed correctly.
- Bisector inside next WPT: Enter inside the radius of next waypoint and cross the bisector that is formed with the previous and the next.

- Bisector inside next WPT or 10% of the radius of any WPT: Same as the previous, but if any waypoint is very near (10% of its radius) it will be validated and the next one will be activated.
- Only buttons bar: Never will automatically change to next waypoint, only manually with 'NextWPT' and 'PreviousWPT' buttons at buttons bar.



Also from this options section, a default radius can be assigned for route waypoints, which will be taken when this information is not available. It means, if we defined a radius for a concrete waypoint of the route, it will be respected. But if it doesn't have radius the default one will be used.

4.8.8 Tracks

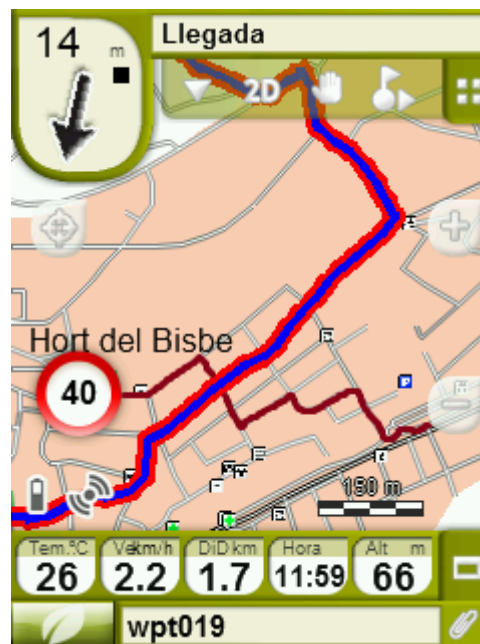
Track navigation can be configured to on several points.

Especially interesting is to choose the distance from current position at which GOTO arrow will show track direction, so you can predict the bends.

- Virtual Coach ([+info](#))
- Draw arrows over the track: To easily know its direction.
- GOTO arrow tangent at: GOTO arrow shows direction of the following section of the track. This parameter is the distance to calculate tangent to give direction. Normally higher speed of the vehicle will require higher distance value:



- Exit WPT after: If track has waypoints (roadbook), navigation will switch to next point when leaving the current one. This parameter determines the how far we have to go.
- Different display for active tracks: Once you are navigating a track you will see the difference between the active track and the other tracks. The active one has a different on-screen display which can be personalized by the user. Usually, the active track has a notable thickness and it is related to a different colour to make it different from the rest.



This parameters can be configured at 'settings > navigation > tracks', there you will be able to change the navigating track colour as well as double line's thickness, opacity and colour.

4.8.9 Estimated time

The user is able to configure the preferences to calculate the estimated time of destination arrival:

- **Use V-Map route speed:** Only for On-Road mode taking into consideration speed route.
- **Use navigated track time:** Only for Off-Road mode taking into consideration track time.

- **Interval for Partial Mean Speed:** Takes into consideration the partial mean speed of the selected interval of time.

Note: If no 'routing speed' or 'track time' are available, Mean Speed is used.

4.8.10 Effort

- **Resting Heart Rate:** It has to be set in order to calculate the % of Heart Rate Reserve.
- **Set maximum Heart Rate manually:** If enabled, set the maximum Heart Rate beat in the following field. If not enabled, maximum Heart Rate is calculated using Tanaka's formula.

4.9 System

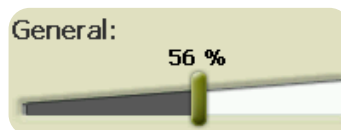
4.9.1 Audio

On this page you will find the following settable elements:

- **Silence:** By activating this option, all the sounds from the device will be turned off, independently of the audio percentage set for every option.



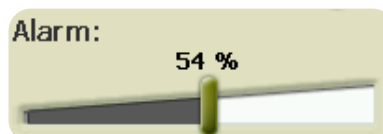
- **General:** Regulate the general audio for the audible elements group. All the sounds are regulated by the preset of this option.



- **Voice:** Regulate the audio of the alert voices for the next manoeuvre.



- **Alarm:** Regulate the audio of the alarms and radar warnings, speed limits and arrival at waypoints.



- **Clicks:** Regulate the audio of pulses on the touch screen or buttons.



4.9.2 Brightness

Regulate the amount of light you wish the screen to have and adjust it to each situation. The higher the percentage of brightness is the more highlighted will the contents be.

In [night mode](#), the brightness will be automatically reduced to avoid dazzling.

4.9.3 Autonomy

In this section you will find utilities that will help you maximize the autonomy of the system:

- 'Shutdown screen': determine a time after which the screen will automatically turn off *. Select 'never' to activate this function.

* **Note:** The option 'Turn screen off after' won't work if the device is connected to an external power source and 'car' has been selected as vehicle.

- 'Disconnect GPS at stops': it will detect a stop in your itinerary and will disconnect the GPS. A message will then appear asking if you wish to activate the GPS again. It is important to say yes to this message when setting out again.
- Don't shutdown if plugged: Shutdown screen time is not applied, leaving the GPS with the screen on during all the trip.
- GPS connection interval can be set for:
 - Continuous GPS connection
 - Intermitent GPS connection

4.9.4 Language



You may modify the language of the texts and voices of the system from this section.

Note: The conversion of the voices may take more than one minute.

4.9.5 Calibration tools

Some system gadgets need to be calibrated to work correctly:

- Touch screen: try to calibrate touch screen if you experience inaccuracy when pressing on it.

All calibration tools can be found at 'menu > settings > system'. Just press on the option and follow on-screen instructions.

4.9.6 Folders

In order for your data (maps, waypoints routes and tracks) to be considered by TwoNav when creating lists in the 'data' section, they have to be inside the folder you have created for this purpose.

You may define one or more folders for maps (then, the maps of all folders will be included in this map list) and a folder for data (waypoints, routes and tracks).

The folder for maps by default is '**TwoNavData/maps**'.

The folder by default for the rest of data (waypoints, routes and tracks) is '**TwoNavData/Data**'.

If there are any other folders inside the one you have selected, they will also be shown in the data list.

For example, if we create a folder called 'Pyrenees routes' inside 'TwoNavData/Data', and 'TwoNavData/Data' is set as the only routes, waypoints and tracks folder, we will have the following representation in the routes list:



You can configure which folders will be considered. Just go to 'menu > settings > system > folders' ([advanced mode](#) may be enabled) and change the Maps or Data folders.



You can add more than one folder. Then [data list](#) will show the data from the different folders in a single list.

4.9.7 Units

You may determine which type of measurement unit to use in TwoNav:

- Distances: in kilometres, miles, nautical miles, metres or feet.
- Altitudes in: metres or feet.
- Speed in: kilometres/hour, miles/hour, nautical miles or minutes/kilometre.
- Short distances in: kilometres/hour, miles, nautical miles, metres or feet.
- Acceleration in: metres/second², gravity or kilometres/hour/second.
- Vertical speed in: metres/second, feet/minute, metres/minute or metres/hour.
- Areas in: m², hectares or km².

4.9.8 Coordinates

You may choose the type of coordinates (UTM, Latitude/Longitude, BGN...) and datum (WGS 84, European 1950, Geodetic Datum 1949, etc.) with which you wish to work in TwoNav.

This setting will be the one used when introducing any coordinate into the program or when creating elements the kind of waypoints routes or tracks.

Besides, from this option, you may configure the order in which the degrees will be displayed.

By default, TwoNav Works with Lat / Long and Datum WGS84 Coordinates.

4.9.9 Keys

Key manager allows you to change the function of each device's button. In order to change the default assignments enter at 'Settings > System > Keys'.

Each button has a double command: short press and long press. Both of them can be personalized for different usages.



Available functions are the same as in tool bar editor (link Settings > display > toolbar), adding next ones:

- Zoom
- Hold mode: block device and shutdown screen. Same key to unhold
- Block
- Exit
- Menu

4.9.10 Time zone

TwoNav lets you choose the time it is according to the Universal Time Coordinates (UTC) that will appear by default with the time-zone corresponding to the Central European Time (CET).

You may also set the Summer Time automatically if you wish, so TwoNav carries out the seasonal time change.

Note: TwoNav keeps the time updated as long as the device receives a GPS signal. Usually, inside the buildings, the signal from the satellites is not received unless there is a repeater, so the time and also the, [night vision](#), will be affected.

4.9.11 Default settings

This option lets you re-establish all the settable parameters to its initial status. All the options that have been manipulated will be modified, time zone, audio, folders and other tools that you may have previously established.

4.9.12 Bluetooth

Delta allows you to derive audio connection between TwoNav and a bluetooth headset.

By selecting 'Settings > System > Bluetooth' you will be able to enable/disable this function as well as scan and detect bluetooth receptors.

4.9.13 Device ID

The 'Device ID' is an alphanumeric identifier exclusive to your device. This identifier is necessary in order to activate TwoNav and any map you want to use in the device.

4.9.14 About

'About' shows you which TwoNav version the device is working with. It will be displayed on the top left hand corner of the screen.

To know the version of the TwoNav program installed in your device, it is very important to check out doubts or software updating.

4.9.15 Advanced

TwoNav has an 'advanced mode' which enables some extra functions that are not frequently used and could add unnecessary complexity to the system.

You can enable 'advanced mode' entering 'Settings > System > Advanced' section. Then some advanced functions will appear directly inside that section:

- Keyboard: in addition to alphabetical order, you can choose QWERTY or AZERTY key layout for keyboards.
- Active waypoints mode: Basic (fixed active WPT file + autoload it at start) or Advanced (first WPT opened will be de active and it will not be autoloaded at start). ([+info](#))
- Reload data when restarting: Load same data which was loaded when closed application last time.
- Draw map corners: Show frames of available maps on navigation window.
- Zoom with double click
- Hide zoom buttons: show or hide on-screen zoom+/zoom- buttons which are located at map's visualization window.
- Resume navigation at start: Propose same destination which was set when closed application last time.
- Lane info (onroad): In roads with several lanes, a representation will inform about the correct lane to take.

Note: 10q2 Vmaps or higher are required.

- Car+OnRoad->screen on: If it is enabled, 'shutdown screen' options will not be considered when vehicle is 'car' and mode is 'Onroad'.
- Antialias: technology to draw smoother lines in vector maps.
- Seabed areas: By applying this option, only depth contours are displayed.
- Profiles Onroad/Offroad: If disabled, all options, menus and data fields will be the same for Onroad and Offroad.
- Minimum moving speed: field which fixes the minimum speed considered movement. Speeds under this value won't be counted as movements (will be considered as 0 km/h).

Note: The user has to remember that this function depends on the selected vehicle ('Settings > Vehicle'), each vehicle has a different default speed.

- Screenshot creates WPT: a waypoint with an associated image is created each time a screenshot is made (the picture will be equally save at 'data' folder).

Also some other options will be added in other sections and depending on the current mode (Onroad/Offroad). Check [Display](#) and [Navigation](#) sections to see the list.




5 Select destination



You may select your destination in three different ways:

5.1 “Navigate...” button



The most widely used function to select destination is the ‘navigate...’ button which is found in the main menu and contains the following options:

- **Home:** You can go home directly if you have determined your position from the favourites management.
- **Address:** Enter any address (country/city/street/number) as destination.
 - You can enter ZIP code instead of city name.
 - You can enter a crossing street name instead of number. Just press on ‘Intersection - choose’ button and enter its name or choose it from the list.
- **POI:** The V-maps contain an enormous data base of Points of interest (gas stations, hospitals, cash dispensers...). You may search POIs according to various criteria:
 - **Place:** The device will consider POIs close to:
 - Your present position
 - Your present destination
 - To the address introduced
 - The location you choose on the map.
 - To a waypoint
 - **Name:** Select the category that you are searching for, introduce the wished POI name and it will be searched in all the available ones from the loaded cartography.
 - **Parking:** Creates a list of parkings available near from current position.
 - **Gas station:** Creates a list of gasoline stations available near from current position.
- **Itinerary:** Create a route with one or more intermediate points.
 - Press  to add points to the itinerary.
 - Press  to remove a point.
 -  buttons at right of the point allow to change order

-  button will show that point on screen
-  button will start navigation to the first point. When first point is reached, next one will be set as destination.

For each point, an estimation of distance and time to arrive will be displayed.



You can modify itinerary after starting it. Just enter again in 'menu > Navigate > Itinerary' and apply changes.

- **Favourites:** You may create your own list of favourite places to be able to enter them quickly. To manage this list, press the 'edit' button. ([+info](#))
- **History:** The recently selected destinations are stored here.
- **By map:** Select the exact spot and press OK.
- **Bearing:** Destination point will be determined introducing bearing and distance ([+info](#))
- **Waypoint:** Select a waypoint among the ones loaded or created.
- **Route:** The chosen route will be activated and it will guide consecutively to the waypoints it contains.
- **Track:** The reference of the loaded track will be available and its direction indicated. If you go too far from the track (>50m), the perpendicular direction to the trace of the track will be indicated so you can go back to it.
- **Coordinates:** Introduce the exact coordinates for your destination.
- **Man Over Board:** It will set current position at that moment as destination. It will permit to return to that place.
- **Trackback:** The currently recorded track up to this moment is inverted, so the user can navigate it in reverse. Inverted track file is recorded with a different name: 'trackback1', 'trackback2',... By pressing 'trackback' the recorded track is inaltered and TwoNav keeps recording it.

To stop any type of navigation (On-road or Off-road) running, you must press on the '**Stop Navigation**' option.




You may enter it from the main menu or by opening the [contextual menu on map](#).

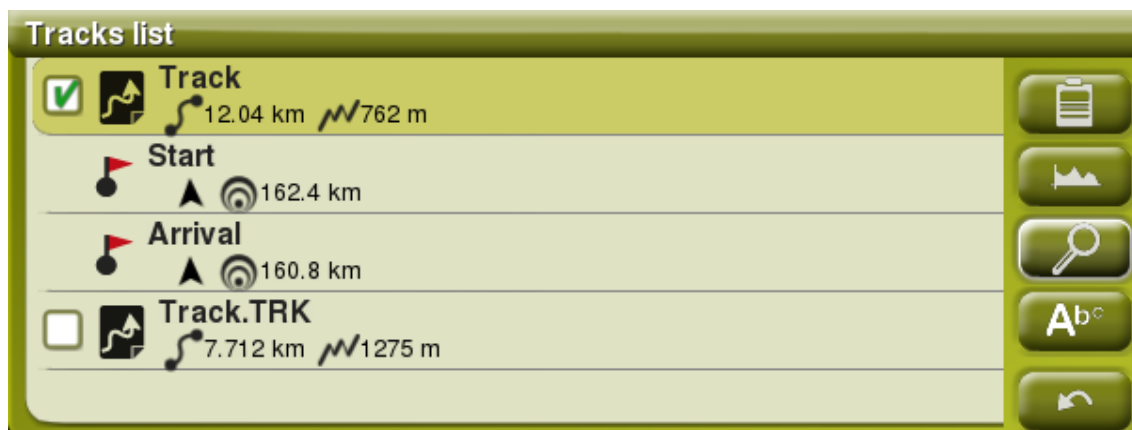
5.2 Waypoints, routes and tracks Lists

From the 'Data' section of the main menu you may manage the typical references of 'Off-road' (waypoint, routes and tracks) positions.

One of the available functions for each element is **Navigate (Activate)**. This option will let you head navigation towards the selected element establishing it as the next destination.

The easiest way of placing an element as destination is to click briefly on its name and, once selected, press the  button.

You may also find the option '**Activate**' inside the contextual menu of the element.

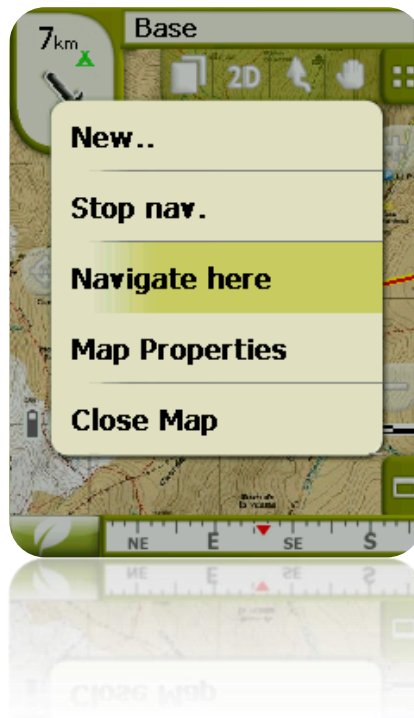


Moreover, TwoNav allows the possibility to present on lists of elements extra information related to these elements such as date, distance, height, relative bearing arrow, track color,... The information is presented in a 2nd line right after the name of the item and it can be customized showing multi-selectable data fields ('Contextual menu of the item > 2nd line data').

Note: The data contained in the 2nd line is only available for elements which have been saved using TwoNav 2.5 or Land/Air 7.3 (or higher).


5.3 On the map

Search on the map the point you wish to establish as destination and open the Contextual Menu on it (by means of a long click). Choose the '**Navigate here**' option and this point will be established as destination.

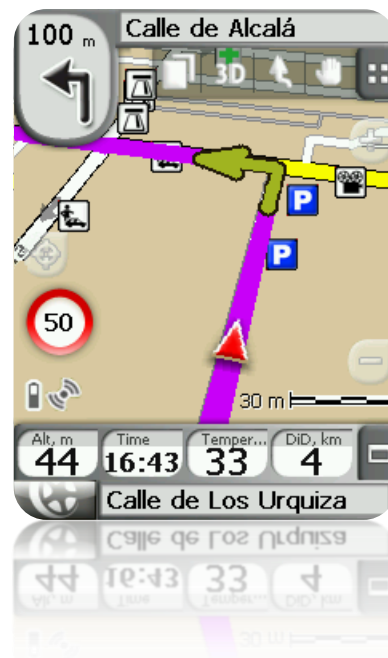



6 Following indications

Once the destination is selected, TwoNav will assist you in reaching it. TwoNav offers two navigation ways that will allow you to adapt to each surroundings in the best possible modes:

On Road : Door to door navigation on the CompeGPS V-maps cartographic basis, enjoying the characteristic assistance type of the urban navigators. The route will be automatically calculated through the streets and along the itinerary accurate visual and aural indications will be given on the manoeuvres to carry out.

Important: On-road mode will only be available if you have a routable V-map present in [maps folder](#). Otherwise, On-road tab will be disabled.



 **Off Road** : It can be used on any type of map (topographic, orthophoto, vectored graph) and it is based on the use of previously created references (waypoints, routes and tracks). The route won't be calculated automatically and a straight line will link our present position to our destination.



Within the same itinerary, some changes in the mode may be necessary (e.g. if we set out from the city and reach a point far from it in which there is no usable information on the streets). In these cases you may change the mode depending on the information of available maps.

6.1 On-road Navigation

The information offered by this navigation mode is more than in Off-road mode, as all the information contained in the V-maps cartographic data base is used to show accurate indications of the next manoeuvres. Besides, audible signals are given in order not to get distracted from the traffic.

Important: On-road mode will only be available if you have a routable V-map present in [maps folder](#). Otherwise, On-road tab will be disabled.

6.1.1 Visual information



1. **Distance to next event:** Distance left to next event (roundabout, waypoint, exit...).
2. **Next manoeuvre:** When navigating On-road, the 'next event' space will display a representation of the next manoeuvre to be done (right turn, left turn, roundabout, diversion, etc.).
3. **Next Street:** Indicates the next street to be taken following navigation.
4. **POI:** V- map [point of interest](#) (petrol station, hotel, cash point, etc).
5. **Calculated Route:** Shows the automatically calculated route to be followed.
6. **Manoeuvre indication:** Illustrates the manoeuvres to be carried out on the map and more accurately.
7. **Speed limit of present road:** Indicates the legal speed limit of the road on which we are.
8. **Present Street:** Name of the street where you are.

When pressing on an element of the map (for instance a Chemist's) a yellow square will appear indicating the name of this element plus some other interesting information. This way, you may also check the names of the streets in the area.

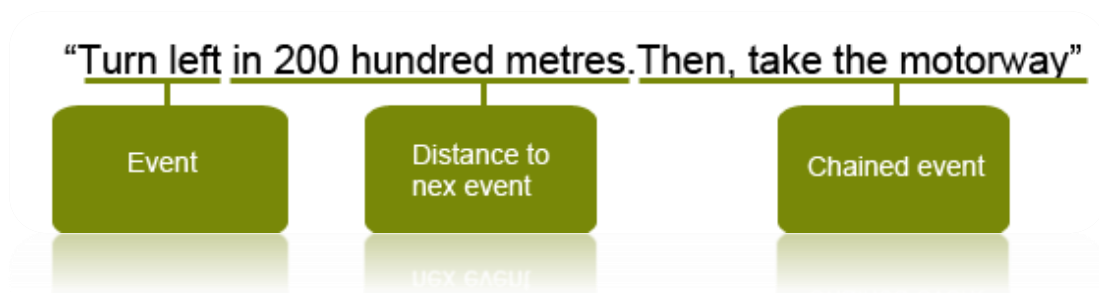


See the [On screen](#) section for complete information on the elements present on the navigation screen.

6.1.2 Audible information

In addition to the visual indications, TwoNav has a second channel to give the user indications: the sound channel.

Throughout your On-road journey, the program will issue voice instructions, indicating the next manoeuvres you need to make. For example:



Depending on the circumstances, one or other type of sound information will be given. The indications may include the following information:

- **Distance to next event:** This is how far you have to go before the next event or manoeuvre.
If it is a long way, you may not be given an exact distance (e.g.: in 200 metres), but “in over...” a certain distance (e.g.: “in over 3 kilometres”).
When you are **very close to the event, no distance will be indicated**, just the event, and so you should carry it out right then.
- **Event:** Manoeuvre to be made (or information of interest) – e.g.: “turn right”.
If it is not preceded by information on the distance, you will need to carry it out any time now.
The nature of events can vary greatly, but they are normally manoeuvres to be carried out. Two different kinds of events can be distinguished:
 - Simple events: Direct indication is given of the action to be taken (e.g.: “turn right”)
- **Chained event:** It is possible that you need to perform two manoeuvres in a very short space of time. In this case, TwoNav will add the second event to the first (e.g.: and then take the highway).

Note: Bluetooth connection is configured at ‘Settings > System > Bluetooth’.

6.2 Off-road navigation

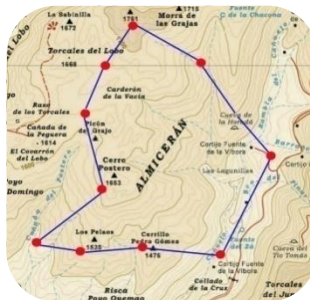
In Off-road mode, the information on streets and roads will not be available for the route to be calculated automatically and to tell you the next manoeuvres with precision. The automatic information will be limited to a straight line, which will join your current position with your destination.

Because of this, you will need to pay special attention to the information on the underlying map you have loaded. This situation is comparable to conventional navigation with a topographical map, with the advantage that your current position is marked on the map.



The degree of detail of the available information can be enhanced if you prepare the journey in advance, finding reference points (waypoints, routes and tracks) that will help to guide you.

A well planned route, with the appropriate information and file attachments on each waypoint, can be equivalent to a route calculated automatically in On-road mode.



See the [Waypoints](#), [Routes](#) and [Tracks](#) section for further information on these elements.

6.2.1 Visual information



1. **GOTO arrow:** Direction on which the next waypoint is. When following a track, it will indicate its direction (see [Off-road navigation](#)).
2. **Track name / Next Waypoint:** Name of the next waypoint or the track being followed.
3. **Loaded route**
4. **Loaded Track**
5. **Next waypoint**
6. **Guide line (waypoint direction/track):** Joins your present position to the place you are heading for (track or next waypoint)
7. **Currently Recorded Track:** If the [present track is being recorded](#), we can see its trace marks behind us.

6.2.2 Audible information

TwoNav does not feature automatic voices for the Off-road mode, but you may associate sounds to the waypoints of your itinerary so they are reproduced when reaching that point.

You may associate sounds in WAV format to the waypoints from the [properties of waypoint](#) window.

6.3 Virtual Coach


TwoNav can use a previous track as a reference to compare your current performance.

Just need to choose a track and start navigation. A simulation of that track will start being played at its original speed, so you can compete against it.

Virtual coach will be represented on map with a green pointer. There are 2 data fields related to Virtual coach:

- Time to virtual coach (TVC)
- Distance to virtual coach (DVC)

You can add these fields either in data bar or data page

This command allows you to place the Virtual Coach automatically in your current position. You can apply this function by clicking at  button placed at the tool bar.

Note: 'Virtual coach' option needs to be enabled at 'Settings > Navigation > Tracks'.

7 Radar warnings / POIs

During your navigation, TwoNav may alert you when you get close to certain points of special interest.

7.1.1 Radars

One special case of these types of points is the radars that control traffic speed.

TwoNav will consider the points introduced in the 'TwoNavData\Radars' folder as radars and will alert you with a sound and an image when you get close to one of them (see section [Speed limit](#) to get to know the setting options of these warnings).

The system includes a radars data base from the AlerteGPS company that may be updated from their web page, www.alerteGPS.com. In it you will find a section devoted to TwoNav products.

If you wish to update this information, all you have to do is substitute the original files by the updated ones (in GPX, WPT or BWPT formats) into the 'radars' folder kept in the 'TwoNavData\Radars' data folder.

7.1.2 POIs

You may also be alerted of other general interest points (POIs) that you may customize yourself.

TwoNav will load automatically the waypoints (in GPX, WPT or BWPT format) that you place inside the 'TwoNavData\POI' folder when starting up the system. These waypoints will not be displayed in the [waypoints list](#), but they will be drawn on the map.

You can hide these files on map from [active personal POIs](#) tool.

BWPT format is recommended, allowing a much quicker access to information. Files in other formats can be converted to BWPT from CompeGPS Land PC software.

If you want to be alerted when reaching one of these POIs, each one of them will have to be associated to a sound or image file, which will be reproduced when getting close to the point.

You may associate images or sounds in WAV format to the waypoints from the [properties of the waypoint](#) window.

Warning: Using BWPT files with more than 5000 points may cause system slow down. GPX or WPT files may cause such slow down even with much smaller files.

8 Data management (waypoints, routes, tracks and maps)

8.1 Waypoints

8.1.1 What is a waypoint?

The waypoint is a point defined by a geographical position, latitude and longitude coordinates and in most cases altitude, used by the GPS navigation tools.

TwoNav lets you create, edit and navigate waypoints.

The waypoints are kept inside waypoints files (usually in **.WPT format**), so a waypoint folder may contain just one or more waypoints.

They are represented on screen as points to which a name or an icon may be applied.



8.1.2 Supported formats

TwoNav can open directly next waypoint formats:

- *.WPT
- *.BWPT
- *.LOC
- *.GPX

More waypoint formats can be imported and converted to these ones from CompeGPS Land/Air.

8.1.3 Waypoints list

The management of waypoints is centralized on the waypoints list, but it is also possible to carry out many actions directly from the navigation screen by means of the [contextual menu](#).

When entering the waypoints lists, you will be able to see all the waypoints files available in the 'TwoNavData/Data' folder.

See the ['data'](#) section to get to know the general operation of the lists.

If you have selected a waypoints file, the buttons on the bottom of the screen will let you enter the most important functions to carry out on this element:





In order:

- [Create a new waypoints file](#): It will generate and open an empty waypoints file.
- Create a [new waypoint](#).
- [Zoom](#) here
- [Name search](#)

If you have selected a specific waypoint from the waypoints file, the buttons will change to adapt to the functionalities of the selected element:



In order:

- Enter the [properties of the waypoint](#) window. In properties window, element can be activated for navigation.

- [Create a new waypoint](#) within the waypoints file in which the selected waypoint is.
- [Zoom here](#)
- [Name search](#)

Waypoints can be ordered in different ways. Open context menu on waypoints file name and select 'Sort by' to choose the rule to order waypoints (name, proximity, etc).

Note: If an **anchored position** has been fixed, that one will be taken as reference point.




By a long click on any open Waypoints file or on a specific Waypoint, you will enter the [Contextual Menu](#) with all the available functions for this element.

TwoNav allows the possibility to present on waypoints lists extra information related to these elements such as date, distance, height, relative bearing arrow, track color,... The information is presented in a 2nd line right after the name of the item and it can be customized showing multi-selectable data fields ('Contextual menu of the item > 2nd line data').


Note: The data contained in the 2nd line is only available for waypoints which have been saved using TwoNav 2.5 or Land/Air 7.3 (or higher).

8.1.4 Open and close

8.1.4.1 Open waypoints file

From the [waypoints list](#), clicking on the name of one of its available files, it will open. You will know it is open because it will be visible at the top of the list with the left square marked .

8.1.4.2 Close waypoints file

Press on the left check mark  of the open waypoints file in order to close it.

The file will move from the first places on the list and will go back to its alphabetical corresponding position with the other unloaded waypoints files.

You may also enter this function from the [contextual menu](#) from where you may also delete files from the memory permanently.

8.1.5 Create and edit

8.1.5.1 Create waypoints (Active Waypoints File)

All the waypoints must be contained in a **waypoints file**. You can have several waypoints files open, but created waypoints will be always saved inside the **Active Waypoints File (AWF)**.

By default, active waypoints' is **Waypoints.WPT**, but you can choose any file you want following next steps:

1. Open the waypoints file you want to be AWF.
2. Open context menu > 'Set as active WPT'

When a new waypoints file is created from waypoints list, it will be automatically set as active.



AWF will be opened automatically when application starts, and asterisk on the icon will mark it in Waypoints' list.



If AWF is closed and a waypoint is created, AWF will be automatically opened to place the new waypoint.

This is the easiest way to manage new waypoints, but users who work frequently with several waypoints files may not like it. For those cases, there is an option '**Active waypoints mode**' in 'menu > settings > advanced':

- Basic: Normal mode.
 - AWF will be automatically loaded at start
 - AWF will be fixed and only can be changed manually (context menu > Set as Active WPT)
- Advanced: Better when working frequently with several waypoints files.
 - AWF will NOT be automatically loaded at start
 - First waypoints file you open will be set as AWF.

A **waypoint can be created** in the following ways:

8.1.5.1.1 Create a waypoint in the present position

You may create a waypoint quickly in the exact position where you are.

There are two functions to do this:

- Mark WPT: No access to waypoint properties. Default name and icon will be used. Waypoint [properties](#) can be accessed later.
- Mark and edit WPT: Waypoint properties will be automatically opened allowing to modify its information.

These functions can be added to tool bar by means of the [tool manager](#).

'Mark and edit WPT' can be also accessed from 'Main menu > Data > Mark and edit WPT'

8.1.5.1.2 Create a waypoint on the map

Open the contextual menu on the point of the map where you wish to generate the waypoint and select 'New > Waypoint here'.

[Properties](#) window will open so you can modify any of them.

8.1.5.1.3 Create a waypoint from the waypoints list

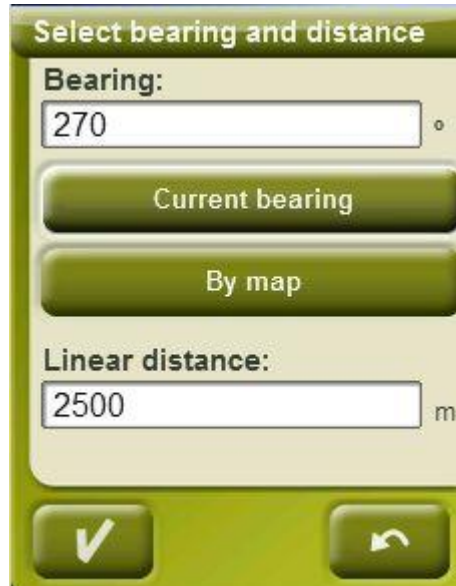
When selecting a waypoints folder from the [waypoints list](#), you will be able to enter the 'New waypoint' functions (from the [contextual menu](#) or directly by means of the [list buttons](#)). When selecting it you will be able to create the Waypoint in 5 different ways:

- **Present position:** GPS position in which you are when creating it.
- **Present destination:** final point of your present navigation.
- **Address:** enter the address using the Vmap data base.
- **By map:** it will open a window from which you will be able to select on the map the exact point where you want to create the waypoint.
- **Waypoint:** in this file you can add a waypoint from a different waypoints file. All you have to do is select the waypoint inside the concrete waypoints file.
- **Bearing:** Destination point will be determined introducing bearing and distance ([+info](#))

8.1.5.1.4 Create a waypoint by bearing and distance

When 'new waypoint' function is used (from [waypoints list](#) of [tool bar](#)), 'bearing' option will be present to choose its position.

Destination point will be determined introducing bearing and distance:



- **Bearing:** it can be entered in 3 ways:
 - Click on 'bearing' field and enter numeric values.
 - Click on 'Current bearing' to automatically enter current direction
 - Click on 'By map' to automatically enter current direction, but having current position and map as reference.
- **Distance:** enter numeric values

8.1.5.2 Edit waypoints

8.1.5.2.1 Modify properties

Once a waypoint is created you may change several parameters from the [waypoints properties window](#).

8.1.5.2.2 Delete Waypoint

You may delete a specific waypoint from its [contextual menu](#), both from the map as from the [waypoints list](#).

8.1.5.3 Save

8.1.5.3.1 Save waypoints

If you are satisfied of your operations on your waypoints, you may save them by selecting the option **Save waypoints** from the waypoint or waypoints file [contextual menu](#) of the map or waypoints list.

The changes you may have made will be saved directly overwriting the old file.



Note: the 'create waypoint on present position' function automatically saves the waypoint file where the present waypoint has been added as a safety measure in order not to lose the waypoints quickly created with this function.

8.1.5.3.2 Save waypoints as


If you wish to save the waypoints file by another name, location (folder) or format (*.WPT or *.GPX), you may select the option **Save WPT As** from the [contextual menu](#) of the waypoints in the waypoints list.

8.1.6 Search loaded waypoint on screen

To centre the screen on a waypoint:

1. Enter Main Menu by pressing 
2. Select '**Main Menu > Data > Waypoints > Waypoints list**'
3. Click on a specific waypoint and choose between:
 - a. Press  button
 - b. Enter the waypoint Contextual Menu (long click on its name or the 'Menu' button) and click on 'Zoom here'.

A window will open to show the waypoint on screen with the possibility of zooming in or out.

- To exit the window press  and it will return to the waypoints list.
- To see the waypoint on the map click 

You can personalize which specific information will be displayed together with each waypoint at waypoints list. In order to personalize that information go at 'Settings > System > Advanced', once you are there, you only have select 'Info in waypoints list' and then choose which kind of information do you prefer to be attached to your list of waypoints:

- nothing (no information will be displayed)
- by proximity (following example)
- by height
- a short description for each point or
- bearing



8.1.7 Properties

8.1.7.1 Properties of a Waypoints file

You may enter the properties of a collection of waypoints from the [waypoints list](#) (using the direct button or the [contextual menu](#)).

The following properties are available:

- **Name of the waypoints:** name of the waypoints file.
- **Number of waypoints:** number of waypoints included in this waypoints collection.

8.1.7.2 Properties of a waypoint

You may enter the properties of just one waypoint from the [waypoints list](#) (with the direct button or the [contextual menu](#)) or from the navigation screen (by opening the [contextual menu](#) on the waypoint in the map).

The following properties are available:

- **Short name:** shows the concrete name of each waypoint
- **Description:** short description of the waypoint
- **View:** selection of the items that you wish to see around the waypoint on the map
- **Icon:** small image representing the waypoint
- **Coordinates:** geographical position of the waypoint
- **Altitude:** altitude of the waypoint
- **Colour of Text:** colour for the name, description, altitude and other data close to the waypoint that will be displayed on the map
- **Background colour:** colour that highlights the waypoint texts on the map
- **Position of Text:** position in regards to the waypoint where the texts will be displayed on the map

- **Radius:** scope embraced by the waypoint
- **Associations:** associates image or sound files to your waypoints to be displayed during navigation of these waypoints.
- **Bearing:** orientation in degrees to the position of the waypoint. The data must be introduced in radians and TwoNav will change it automatically into degrees.

Geocaching files include extra properties ([+info](#)).

8.1.8 Associated files (images, sounds, texts)

Waypoints can have associated files, like images, sounds or texts.

Files can be associated to waypoints from [waypoint properties](#) in TwoNav or also from [CompeGPS Land](#).

If a waypoint has an associated file, it can be reproduced in several ways:

- Video can be reproduced directly by '**Open...**' function, but also be associated to waypoints so it is automatically played when reaching that place.
- **Waypoints list:** Associated files will be represented inside waypoints in waypoints list.

When associated file is selected 'play' function will be enabled in buttons at lower part of the screen and also in its context menu.



- **Rich-formatted HTML texts** can be displayed on-screen using certain HTML tags. This function has been specially designed for e-roadbooks, geocaching and routes.

You only need to upload HTML files which have been edited and formatted to the storage unit of your device. After that, each HTML file containing styled text has to be associated to the corresponding waypoint of the route ('Properties > Associated').

Only texts with a minimum format can be associated, although not all HTML tags are supported, the user will be able to customize his texts using these properties:

- **Title levels:** <h2> title at 2nd level </h2>
- **Text in bold:** text
- **Text in italic:** <i> text </i>
- **Underlined text:** <u> text </u>
- **New paragraph:** <p> Text content presented in a new paragraph </p>
- **Text colour:** <h3 color="#ff0000"> 3rd-level title in red </h3>
- **Background colour:** background-color: #ff0000 (read background)
- **Text size:** font-size: 18px (size: 18 pixels)
- **Text alignment (left, center, right or justified):** Justified image → <p style="text-align: justify"> text </p>
- **Attached images:** 50x50 image →

Sagrada Família (Barcelona)



The Basilica of the Sagrada Família was the inspiration of a Catalan bookseller, **Josep Maria Bocabella**, founder of Asociación Espiritual de Devotos de San José. After a visit to the Vatican in 1872, Bocabella returned from Italy with the intention of building a church inspired by that at Loreto.

Note: Users using Land/Air will only need to attach the HTML-formatted text by clicking at 'Properties > Associated' of the right waypoint. Once attached, select 'send to GPS' option to start the transfer.

- **Infocurrent:** When current GPS position is inside the radius* of a waypoint with associated files, [infocurrent](#) will show a '+' symbol. Associated file will be reproduced when clicking on it.




- **Automatic play:** By default, the attached file will be reproduced when current GPS position is inside the radius* of the waypoint. Automatic play can be configured from '[menu > Navigation > WPT alert](#)'.

* If radius of a waypoint is not defined, 'default radius for WPTs' parameter will be taken. ([+info](#))

8.1.9 Navigate

This option will be shown on the Contextual Menu with by a long click on the concrete waypoint from the waypoint list or on the map. Navigation will be activated towards this waypoint from your position.

You may also navigate to a waypoint using the "[Navigate...](#)" menu.

'Navigate' button  is also available in [properties](#) window.

8.1.10 Waypoints contextual menus

Next is a list of all the functions present in the various waypoints contextual menus:

To open the contextual menu on an element, all you have to do is keep it pressed for one second.

1. Contextual menu of a file inside the [waypoints list](#):

- Properties ([+ info](#))
- Save Waypoints ([+ info](#))
- Save Waypoints as ([+ info](#))
- Close Waypoints ([+ info](#))
- Rename file
- Set as active WPT ([+info](#))
- Delete file ([+ info](#))
- New Waypoint ([+ info](#))
- Zoom here ([+ info](#))
- Send to
- Sort by ([+info](#))

2. Contextual menu of a concrete waypoint inside the [Waypoints list](#):

- Properties ([+ info](#))
- Save Waypoints ([+ info](#))
- Close Waypoints ([+ info](#))
- Delete Waypoint ([+ info](#))
- Zoom here ([+ info](#))
- Send to
- Navigate... ([+ info](#))

3. Contextual menu of a concrete waypoint [on the map](#):

- New...
 - Waypoint here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin a route here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin track here ([+ info](#))
- Properties ([+ info](#))
- Save Waypoints ([+ info](#))
- Close Waypoints ([+ info](#))
- Delete Waypoint ([+ info](#))
- Navigate... ([+ info](#))

To see the options of the contextual menu of a waypoint within a route go to [Routes contextual menus](#)'.

8.2 Routes

8.2.1 What is a route?

A route is a group of waypoints ordered in a predetermined way. It is a way of navigating that allows for planning a course from one place to another going through various waypoints. The routes are used when it is not possible to reach a place in a direct way (in straight line). The route file will be saved in the *.rte format.

TwoNav allows you to create routes and navigate them. It also lets you modify many of its parameters. For further information, see [Edit a route](#).



8.2.2 Supported formats

TwoNav can open directly next route formats:

- *.RTE
- *.GPX

More route formats can be imported and converted to these ones from CompeGPS Land/Air.

8.2.3 List of routes

The routes management is centralized in the routes list, although it is also possible to carry out many actions directly from the navigation screen by means of the [contextual menu](#).

When entering the routes list you will be able to see all the available routes in the folder 'TwoNavData/Data'.

See the '[data](#)' section to get to know the general operation of the lists.

If you have selected a route, the buttons at the bottom of the screen will let you enter the most important functions to be done on this element:



From left to right:

- [Create a new route](#): an empty waypoints file will be generated and opened.
- Create [new waypoint](#) inside the route
- [Zoom](#) here
- [Name search](#)

If you have selected a concrete waypoint within the route, the buttons will change to adapt to the functionalities of the selected element:



From left to right:

- Enter the [waypoint properties](#) window. In properties window, element can be activated for navigation.
- [Create a new waypoint](#) within the route in which the selected waypoint is.
- [Zoom here](#)
- [Name search](#)


By a long click on any open route or on any concrete Waypoint within a route, the [Contextual Menu](#) with all the available functions for this element will open.

Routes can be ordered in different ways. Open context menu on route file name and select 'Sort by' to choose the rule to order routes (name, proximity, etc).

Note: If an **anchored position** has been fixed, that one will be taken as reference point.

8.2.4 Open and close

8.2.4.1 Open route

From the [routes list](#), by clicking on the name of one of the available files, it will open. You will know it is open because it will be located on top of the list with the left square marked .

8.2.4.2 Close route

Click on the left check mark  of the open route for closing it.

The file will lose its place on the first positions of the list and will return to its corresponding alphabetical position among the other unloaded files.

You may also enter this function from the [contextual menu](#), from which you will also be able to delete files from the memory permanently.

8.2.5 Create and edit

8.2.5.1 Create a route

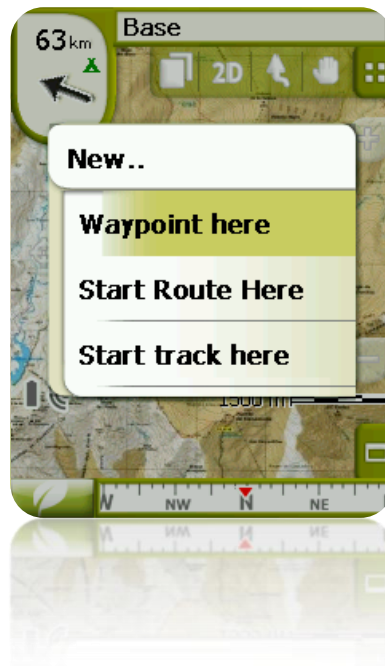
8.2.5.1.1 Create a route on the map

The fastest and easiest way of creating a route is from the routes editor in the navigation window, on the map.

To obtain a correct route you will need a well calibrated map as a reference. Besides, if you want the waypoints of the wished route to have information on the altitude of the ground, an elevations map of the area in CDEM format must be loaded.

You may create the route with the following steps:

1. Keep a long pressure on the point in the map where you wish to begin the route. A contextual menu will be displayed.
2. In this menu, select **New > Begin route here**.



In this moment, the menu will close and will go into the routes edit mode.

3. On the map and with the stylus, create the points of the route (clicking on the spots where waypoints must be):




While editing, you may move the map by dragging it for adding waypoints in other spots in the map. The dragging movement won't add waypoints it will only shift the map. To include a waypoint you must click briefly.

You may move the position of the created waypoints by selecting and dragging them ([+info](#))


4. Once you are satisfied with the route, enter the Contextual Menu of route (by means of a long click on the screen) and select **Close Edit**.

See the section [edit a route](#) to add new waypoints or modify the existing ones.

8.2.5.1.2 Create a route from the routes list

When you enter the routes list and you have selected a route or nothing is selected, a button to create a new route will be displayed .

When pressing it, a new route file will be generated and you will be asked how to name it.

The file won't contain any waypoints and they will have to be added using the  button ([+info](#))

8.2.5.2 Edit a route

8.2.5.2.1 Add waypoints to the route

You may add waypoints to the route from the routes list or directly on the map.

8.2.5.2.1.1 On the map

1. Open the [contextual menu](#) on the route and select 'Edit route'
In this moment the menu will close and will go into the routes edit mode.
2. Select (by means of a short click) the waypoint after which you want to add a new waypoint.




3. Press on the spot in the map where you want to generate the new waypoint.



4. Add as many waypoints as you wish.
If you want to add waypoints in other places along the route, all you have to do is repeat step 2 and 3.
5. Once you are satisfied with the route, enter the Contextual Menu of the route (by means of a long click on the screen) and select 'Close Edit'.

When entering the editor, the selected waypoint will be the last, so if you press on the map, waypoints will be added to the last part of the route.

8.2.5.2.1.2 From the routes list

You may enter the 'New Waypoint' function from the routes list, be it through the [contextual menu](#) of the route or by clicking briefly on the name of the route and pressing the  button.

You will be able to select the position of the new waypoint in 5 ways:

- **Present position:** GPS position in which you are at the moment.
- **Present destination:** if you have selected a destination.
- **Address:** choose country, city, street and number based on the Vmap information.
- **By map:** a window will open so you can place the waypoint on the map.
- **Waypoint:** it lets you copy a waypoint contained in any available waypoints file.

8.2.5.2.2 Delete waypoints of the route

You may delete a waypoint from the routes list or directly from the map. To do so, open the [contextual menu](#) on it and select 'delete waypoint'.

8.2.5.2.3 Move the position of the waypoints of the route

You may modify the position of any waypoint on the map or by introducing its coordinates:

8.2.5.2.3.1 On the map

1. Open the [contextual menu](#) on your route and select 'Edit route'
In this moment, the menu will close and will go into the routes selection mode.
2. Select the waypoint that you wish by means of a brief click.



3. Drag it to the spot you want by keeping the pressure on it.



4. To move another waypoint you must first select it and then drag it.
5. Once you are satisfied with the route, enter the Contextual Menu of the route (by means of a long click on the screen) and select 'Close Edit'.



If after selecting a waypoint you click briefly on the map, a new waypoint will be created just after the selected one.

8.2.5.2.3.2 *Introduce coordinates*

In order to modify the coordinates of a waypoint, all you have to do is enter its properties window and introduce the new value, checking that the datum and the projection are correct.

8.2.5.2.4 **Change the order of the waypoints in the route**

To move the added waypoint and approach it or move it further from the beginning of the route, make a long click on the name of the waypoint and select the option 'Move Up' or 'Move Down' from the Contextual Menu.

8.2.5.2.5 **Invert the route**

To apply on a route the contrary sense to the one it originally had, open the [contextual menu](#) of the route from the [routes list](#) and select **Tools** > **Invert the route**. This way the sense of the route will be changed and it will begin at the end.

8.2.5.2.6 **Convert a route into a track**

If you wish to change a route into a track format, open the [contextual menu](#) of the route from the [routes list](#) and select **Tools** > **Change into a track**.

8.2.5.3 **Save**

8.2.5.3.1 **Save route**

If you are satisfied with the work on your routes, you may save it by selecting the option **Save route** from the [contextual menu](#) of the route on the map or routes list.



The modifications that you may have made will be saved directly overwriting the old file.

8.2.5.3.2 Save route as



If you wish to save the route under a different name, location (folder) or (*.RTE or *.GPX) formats, you may select the option **Save route As** from the [contextual menu](#) of the route contained in the routes list.

8.2.6 Search loaded route on screen

To centre the screen on a route:

1. Enter Main Menu by clicking on 
2. Select '**Main Menu > Data> Routes**
3. Click on a concrete waypoint and choose between:
 - a. Press the  button.
 - b. Enter the Contextual Menu of the waypoint (long click on the name or 'Menu' button) and then click on 'Zoom here'.

A window will open displaying the waypoint on screen with a possibility of zooming in or out.

4. To exit the window, you may choose between:
 - Press  and return to the waypoints list.
 - Press  and return to the navigation window keeping the focus you had on the zoom window.

8.2.7 Properties

8.2.7.1 Properties of a route

Different data of a loaded route can be checked (distance, area it encloses, maximum altitude, etc.) and modify some of its parameters (real and pixel colours) from the window of route properties.

This window can be entered in two ways:

- Contextual Menu of the route in the list
- Contextual Menu of the route on the map

In order to modify the editable parameters, click on them. The ones that can be edited will display a keypad, figures and a colour palette. The ones that cannot be edited will be displayed in grey.

8.2.7.2 Properties of a waypoint

You may enter the properties of a single waypoint from the [routes list](#) (by selecting it and pressing the direct button or from the [contextual menu](#)) or also from the navigation screen (by opening the [contextual menu](#) of the waypoint on the map).

The properties of the waypoints that are contained in a route are the same as the loose waypoints ([+info](#))

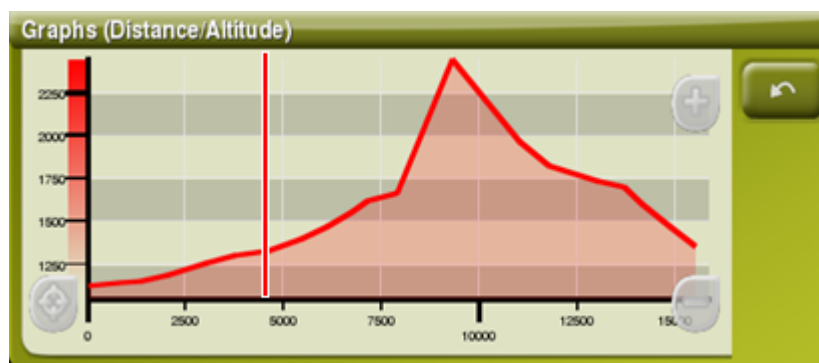
8.2.8 Associated files (images, sounds, texts)

Waypoints of a route can also have associated files (images, sounds and texts). See '[Associated files](#)' at 'Waypoints' section.

8.2.9 Route Graph

You can see a graph of the loaded route in two ways:

- From the routes list: By selecting the 'graphs' option from the [contextual menu](#) of the route.
- Through the data fields: You may place the field 'route graph' in any position in the data pages, although it is recommended to use the space of the graph page to do it. ([+info](#))




Possible actions:

- **Guiding Y axis** (red bar serving as moving axis).
- **Moving graph**: use the mouse wheel to **Zoom+/Zoom-** and display graph sections with more detailed precision (graph scrolling can also be applied by dragging the graph up and down as well as laterally).
- **Automatic re-center** (by pressing the mouse wheel or 're-center' button).

8.2.10 Activate a route (navigate)

You may activate (navigate) a route in three ways:

- Menu "[Navigate...](#)"
- Contextual Menu of the route within the routes list (long click on the route within the routes list).
- Contextual menu of the route on the map (long click on the route on the map).
- 'Navigate' button  is also available in [properties](#) window.

Once activated, TwoNav will guide you towards the first waypoint along the route. When you reach a waypoint along the route, you will be guided towards the next one, and so on until the end of the route.

If you are in **Off-road** mode, a straight line will be displayed from your position to the next waypoint.

If you are in **On-road** mode, TwoNav will try to automatically calculate the sub-route through the streets in order to orientate you in detail with voice instructions.

8.2.11 Routes contextual menus

To open the contextual menu on an element, all you have to do is keep the pressure on it for one second.

1. Contextual menu of a route file within the routes list:
 - Properties of the Route ([+info](#))
 - Save Route ([+info](#))
 - Save Route As... ([+info](#))
 - Close Route ([+info](#))
 - Rename file
 - Delete file ([+info](#))
 - Graphs ([+info](#))
 - Zoom here ([+info](#))
 - Send to
 - Tools ([+info](#))
 - New Waypoint ([+info](#))
 - Activate ([+info](#))

2. Contextual menu of a concrete waypoint within a route file or in the routes list:
 - Properties ([+info](#))
 - Delete Waypoint ([+info](#))
 - Zoom here ([+info](#))
 - Send to
 - Navigate... ([+info](#))
 - Move Up ([+info](#))
 - Move Down ([+info](#))

3. Contextual menu of a route on the map:
 - New...
 - Waypoint here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin route here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin track here ([+ info](#))
 - Properties of the Route ([+info](#))
 - Save Route ([+info](#))
 - Close Route ([+info](#))
 - Edit Route ([+info](#))

- Activate ([+info](#))
4. Edit contextual menu of a route on the map:
- Close edit ([+info](#))
 - Delete Point ([+info](#))
 - New...
 - Waypoint here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin route here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin track here ([+ info](#))
 - Properties of the Route ([+info](#))
 - Save Route ([+info](#))
 - Close Route ([+info](#))
 - Edit Route ([+info](#))
 - Activate ([+info](#))
5. Contextual menu of a concrete waypoint on the map:
- New... ([+info](#))
 - Waypoint here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin route here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin track here ([+ info](#))
 - Properties ([+info](#))
 - Delete Waypoint ([+info](#))
 - Navigate... ([+info](#))

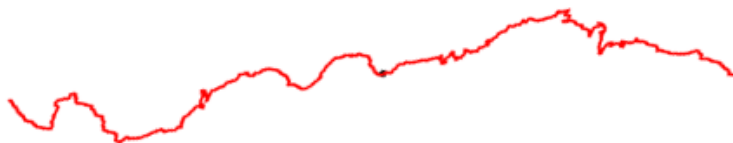
8.3 Tracks

8.3.1 What is a track?

A track is a group of points ordered by time, where each point contains information on the position, time and date, coordinates and, in most cases, altitudes.

Tracks can be split into 2 and 3 **dimensional** ones, depending on whether they have or not the altitudes of the track points. For further information, check [Track tools](#).

Whenever we save the tracks in TwoNav, besides the track points, a series of data is saved that can be modified or inserted from the device, such as the **name of the track**, **remarks**, **colour of display**, among others. For further information check [Track properties](#).



8.3.2 Supported formats

TwoNav can open directly next track formats:

- *.TRK
- *.IGC
- *.PLT
- *.GPX

More track formats can be imported and converted to these ones from CompeGPS Land/Air.

8.3.3 Record a track while navigating

During navigation, TwoNav will record the track of your outing.

This recording will be saved by default in the 'TwoNavData/Data' folder in *.TRK format with a name based on the date, (YYYY-MM-DD)*.

You may check if track points are being recorded from the ['Status'](#) page.



TripLog has been designed to control all track data ('trip computer') and points of track recording ('tracklog') at the same time. Data fields and recorded tracks are synchronized, so if you press 'pause', you pause both counters (chronometer, distance, mean speed...) and track recording until 'record' is pressed again. Press 'stop' to reset the triplog.

Access to triplog from:

- Status window
- Context menu at 'Chronometer' data field
- Adding 'Pause' command at the toolbar

Note: When starting new navigation or changing mode, the user is asked to re-start triplog.

If you wish to save the track that is currently being recorded and go on recording into a new file, all you have to do is [close the track](#) currently open. Once closed, a new track will be automatically created in which the new track points will be recorded.

You may set the recording parameters from 'Main menu > Settings > Off-road >Tracklog' ([+info](#)).

Note: If, in the same day, you have made more than one track, the names will be distinguished by a number at the end that identifies the order in which they were created, (e.g. 2008-12-15-01.TRK, 2008-12-15-02.TRK, ...). You may [rename](#) both the tracks previously saved as the track currently being recorded by using the [track properties](#) or [save as](#).

A security system has been added to avoid losing tracks if you forget to start Triplog. If 'Save discarded tracklog in trash' ('Main Menu > Settings > System > Advanced') is enabled, when 'pause' or 'stop' buttons are pressed, the following movements of the user are automatically recorded as backup track copy inside 'TwoNavData/Data/Tracklog/Trash' folder.

8.3.4 Default alarm when far from track

When the user is getting away from the original track, there is an option to enable a special alarm to warn him.

By clicking at 'settings > navigation > alarms > tracks', you will be able to activate or deactivate 'deviation alert' field. In case of activation, you will need to fix a 'deviation distance' parameter (by default this function is fixed as '50 meters'). Moreover, you can also configure alarm properties such as: alarm sound (on or off), interval of alert repetition...

8.3.5 Track list

Management of tracks is centred in the track list, although it is possible to carry out many actions directly from the navigation screen through the [contextual menu](#).

By entering the tracks list you will be able to see all the available tracks in the 'TwoNavData/Data' folder.

See the [Data](#) section to get to know about the operation of the general lists.

If you have selected a track, the buttons at the bottom of the screen will let you enter the most important functions to carry out on that element:

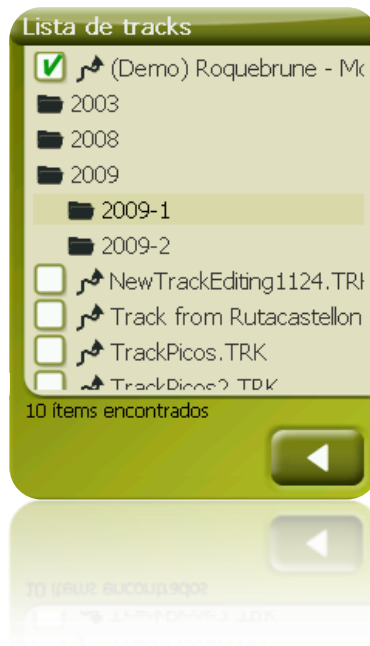


From left to right:

- Enter the [track properties window](#). In properties window, element can be activated for navigation.
- See the [track graph](#)
- [Zoom here](#)
- [Name search](#)

By means of a long click on any open track, you will enter the [Contextual Menu](#) with all the available functionalities for this element.

When the list of recorded tracks becomes too long, they will automatically be grouped in folders selected by year and, inside them, by month of creation (e.g. all the tracks created in 2009 will be found in that folder and inside 2009-1, all the tracks created in January 2009).



TwoNav allows the possibility to present on tracks lists extra information related to these elements such as date, distance, height, relative bearing arrow, track color,... The information is presented in a 2nd line right after the name of the item and it can be customized showing multi-selectable data fields ('Contextual menu of the item > 2nd line data').


Note: The data contained in the 2nd line is only available for tracks which have been saved using TwoNav 2.5 or Land/Air 7.3 (or higher).

Tracks can be ordered in different ways. Open context menu on track file name and select 'Sort by' to choose the rule to order tracks (name, proximity, etc).

Note: If an **anchored position** has been fixed, that one will be taken as reference point.

8.3.6 Open and close

8.3.6.1 Open track

From the [tracks list](#), by clicking on the name of one of the available folders, it will open. You will know it is open because it will be visible at the top of the list and with the left square marked .

8.3.6.2 Close track

Press on the left check mark  of the open track in order to close it.

The folder will change position from the first place on the list and will go back to its alphabetical position among the other unloaded files.

You may also enter this function from the [contextual menu](#), from where you will also be able to delete files from the memory completely.

8.3.7 Create and edit

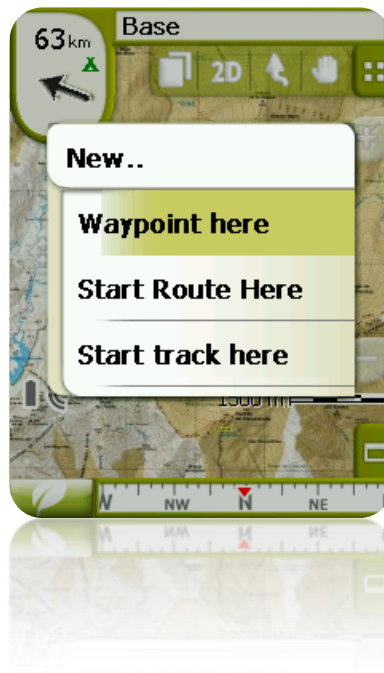
8.3.7.1 Create a track

The way to create a track is from the tracks editor from the navigation window on the map.

To obtain a correct track, you must have a well calibrated map as a reference. Besides, if you want the waypoints of the created track to have information on the altitude of the ground, a map of the elevations of the area in CDEM format must be loaded.

You may create the track following these steps:

1. By means of a long click on the point of the map where you want to begin the track. A contextual menu will be displayed.
2. On this menu, select **New > Begin new track here**.



In this moment, the menu will close and it will go into the tracks edit mode.

3. On the map and with the stylus, start creating the points of the track (by pressing on the places where there should be points):



During editing, you may move the map by dragging it in order to add points in other parts of the map. The dragging movement won't add points, it will just move the map. To add a point you must click briefly.

You may move the position of the created waypoints by selecting and dragging them. Once you are satisfied with the track, enter the Contextual Menu of the track (by a long click on the screen) and select **Close Edit**.

See the [edit track](#) section to add new points or modify the existing ones.

Besides the 'manually' created tracks, TwoNav will keep creating 'automatically' the track of your outing recording your position according to the settings of [tracklog](#).

8.3.7.2 Edit track

8.3.7.2.1 Add points to a track

You may add points directly on the map:

1. Open the [contextual menu](#) on the track and select 'Edit the track'. In this moment, the menu will close and it will go into the track editing mode.
2. Select (by means of a short click) the point of the track after which you want to add a new point.



3. Press on the spot in the map where you wish to generate the new point.



4. Add as many points as you wish.
If you want to add points in other spots in the track, all you have to do is repeat steps 2 and 3.
5. Once you are satisfied with the track, enter the [contextual menu](#) (by means of a long click on the screen) and select **Close Edit**.

When entering the editor, the point of the selected track will be the last one, so if you press on the map, points will be added to the last part of the track.

8.3.7.2.2 Delete points from track

1. Activate the edit mode: long click on the track on the navigation screen (on the map) and then select 'edit track'.
2. Open the [contextual menu](#) on the point you wish to delete and select 'delete point'.
3. Delete as many points as you wish by repeating step 2 while you are in edit mode.
4. Exit the tracks editor (long click on the screen and then select **Close Edit**)

8.3.7.2.3 Move the position of the track points

You may modify the position of the track points directly on the map or by introducing its coordinates:

8.3.7.2.3.1 On the map

1. Open the [contextual menu](#) on the track and select 'Edit track'
In this moment, the menu will close and it will go into the routes edit mode.
2. Select the point you wish to move by pressing briefly.



3. Drag it to the place of your choice by keeping the pressure on it.



4. To move another point you must select it first (by pressing briefly) and then drag it.
5. Once you are satisfied with the track, enter the [contextual menu](#) (by a long click on the screen) and then select **Close Edit**.

If, once selected a point, you click briefly on the map, a new track point will be created right after the selected one.

8.3.7.2.3.2 *Introduce coordinates*

In order to modify the coordinates of a track point, all you have to do is enter its [properties window](#) and introduce the new value, checking that the datum and projection are correct.

8.3.7.3 Track legs

TwoNav allows you to work with tracks fractioned in legs.

8.3.7.3.1 Create legs

8.3.7.3.1.1 *Create legs on an existing track*

You may split the track in two legs by opening the contextual menu on the point that divides the two selected legs 'legs > Change leg here'.

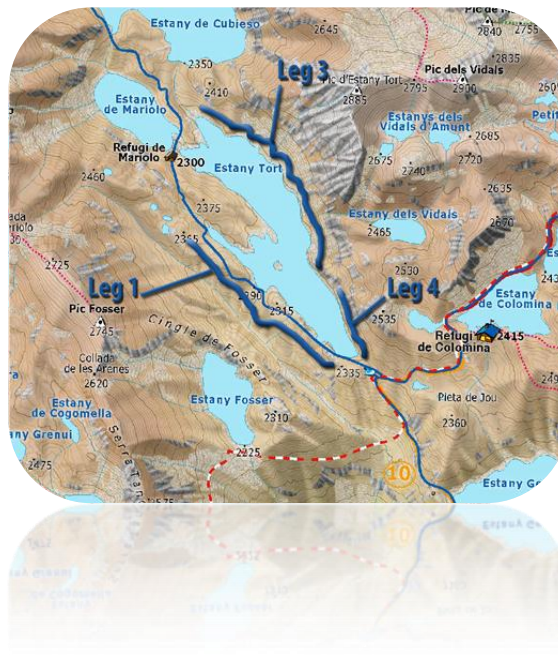
In this moment, the leg closer to the end of the track will change colour to highlight the difference between the two legs. The initial leg will remain the original colour of the track.

You may repeat this operation as many times as you want in order to get the amount of tracks you need.

8.3.7.3.1.2 Create new legs on the present track

If during the [recording of the present track](#) you activate a pause from the [status](#) window, when starting recording again, the new points will keep being recorded in the same file as before the pause, but a new leg with the new points will be generated automatically. This way, you will be able to make out easily the parts of the present leg and apply independent modifications on them.

If there is a distance from the moment you paused the recording of the track until you activated it again, the empty space passed in this time will be visible on its display.



8.3.7.3.2 Operations with legs

If you open the contextual menu on a leg of the track in the navigation window from the 'legs' option, you will be able to enter the following functions:

- **Leg properties:** You may change the colour and thickness of the leg and add a note.
- Change leg ([+info](#))
- **Delete this leg:** the points of this leg will be deleted from the track, leaving an empty space in its place.
- **Save track as:** You may save the track independently from the rest of the track. This way, a new track file will be created with just this leg.

8.3.7.4 Reverse track

Any track can be reversed so the order of its points is the opposite. This can be especially useful if you have run a distance [recording the track as you go](#) and then you wish to go back along the same way.

To reverse the track, all you have to do is open the [contextual menu](#) on it from the [track list](#) and select 'Tools > Reverse track'.

8.3.7.5 Advanced track tools

From the [track contextual](#) menu in the tracks list, you can enter the 'Tools' submenu, which includes highly interesting secondary tools for concrete needs:

- **Calculate the altitude of the ground of each point (Import altitudes):** If you have 3D relief (CDEM) loaded, TwoNav may assign each point of the track its altitude considering the information of the relief.
- **Delete stopped points from the beginning and the end (Del.strt/end points):** The track omits the repetitive points from the beginning and the end, where you were stopped before and after making the track.
- **Reduce the number of points (Reduce num. points):** By introducing the number of points, the track is drawn with the points keeping the shape of the track in the most possible faithful manner.
- **Assign time and speed (Assign time/speed):** By using this option you may determine a time for departure and a constant speed so TwoNav calculates the estimated time of arrival to each point in the track.

If a track does not contain time data, you cannot enter the [play](#) function of its [contextual menu](#).

- **Delete the aberrant points (Del. aberrant points):** In case a point diverts excessively from the rest, it will be considered an error and deleted.
- **Change the track into a route (Convert TRK to RTE):** This option will change the track into a route. The program will ask you to introduce the number of waypoints you want the route to have. The new file of the route will be displayed on the 'Main Menu > Data> Routes'.
- **Invert track:** This function reverses the sense of the itinerary of the track, so if you decide to navigate it, it will be in reverse sense.

8.3.7.6 Save

8.3.7.6.1 Save track

When you are satisfied with your track, you may save it by selecting the option **Save track from the [contextual menu](#)** of the track or track list. The modifications that you have made will be directly saved overwriting the old file.



Note: The [track being recorded as you go](#) is saved automatically every 5 minutes. When closing the system, a final saving of the present track will be saved.

8.3.7.6.2 Save track as



If you wish to save the track under another name, location (folder) or format (*.TRK, *.IGC or *.GPX) you may select the option '**Save track as**' from the [contextual menu](#) of the track in the tracks lists.

8.3.8 Search a loaded track on screen

To centre a track on the screen:

1. Enter the Main Menu by pressing 
2. Select **'Main Menu > Data> Tracks'**
3. Click on the track and choose between:
 - a. Press  button.
 - b. Enter the Contextual Menu of the track (long click on its name or 'Menu' button) and click on 'Zoom here'.

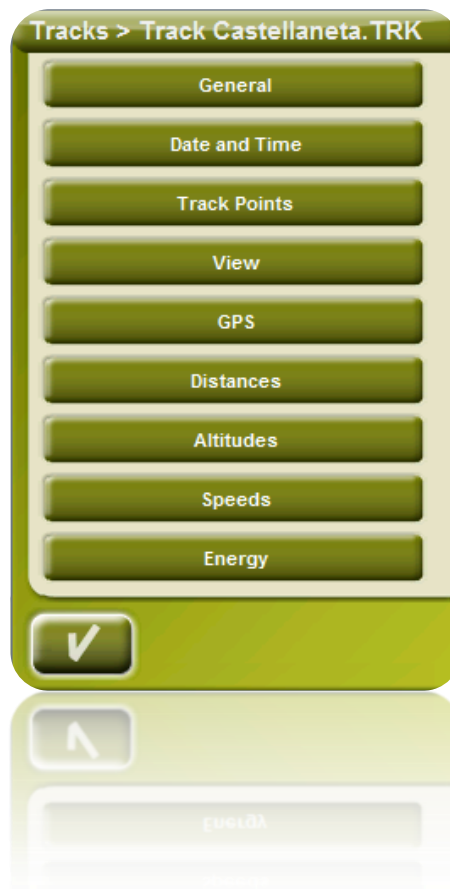
A window displaying the track on screen with the possibility of zooming in or out will open.

4. To exit the window you may choose between:
 - Press  and return to the tracks list.
 - Press  and return to the navigation window keeping the focus you had in the zoom window.


8.3.9 Properties

8.3.9.1 Track properties

The different data on a loaded track can be consulted (distance, area it encloses, maximum altitude, etc.) and modify some of its parameters (colour, thickness, description...) from the properties window of the track.



You may enter this window in 3 ways:

- Direct button : brief click on the name of the track on the [List](#) and then press the button at the bottom of the list.
- Contextual menu of track in the list
- Contextual menu of the track in the map

Once inside it, you will be able to modify some parameters of the track and consult a great variety of data grouped by sections:

- **General:** Name of file (you may also change the track name from the [contextual menu](#) of the tracks list or by '[save as](#)'), User name, Outing name, Notes on track.
- **Date and time:** Day, Departure time (first track point), Arrival time (last track point), Duration, Difference between local time and UTC (more or less hours in regards to GMT), Time stopped, Time moving.
- **Track points:** Number of points, Recording intervals (this value can be set from 'Main Menu > Settings > Off-road > Tracklog'), Extra data fields (additional data that the tracks have besides the coordinates, altitude and time).
- **See:** Thickness, real width of track and colour of the track line.
- **GPS:** GPS model, series number and if the track features a digital signature.

- **Distances:** Projected distance (it is the distance that has been covered on the horizontal, disregards the distance covered in altitude), Distance with altitudes (the real distance covered by outlining the orography of the ground), linear distance (distance on a straight line between the first and the last point of the track), Area (surface enclosed by the track). This last datum is achieved by closing the track with a straight line in case there are no closed tracks).
- **Altitudes:** Track with altitudes (if the track features the altitude datum), Maximum altitude, Minimum altitude, Departure altitude (at the track origin), Arrival altitude (at the last point), Gain from the departure (difference between the departure altitude and the maximum reached), Departure-arrival slope, Maximum slope (difference of altitude between the highest and lowest point of the track), Accumulated climb * (total of the different gains in altitude made during the track, i.e. what we have had to climb in reality), accumulated descent*, (Max. vertical speed (climbing speed), Min. Vertical speed (descent speed), Max. Slope, Min. Slope.
- **Speed:** Medium speed and Maximum speed reached in the track.
- **Energy:** Mass (weight of the person tracking together with the vehicle, bicycle, motorbike, rucksack, etc.), Energy measured in Joules, Average power measured in vats (consumed along the whole track), Average power on climbs measured in vats (consumed during the track climbs).

* Only altitudes changes over 5 metres will be computed in properties, such as accumulated climb/descent. This is in order to prevent the resulting fluctuations of the GPS error margin from adding non real differences of level.

As a result, a track that begins and ends in the same place may have an 'accumulated climb' that does not match the 'accumulated descent'.

CompeGPS Land lets you modify the "minimum difference to accumulate difference of level" in order to adjust it to your preferences in the track analysis.

8.3.9.2 Properties of a track point


You may enter the properties of a single point in the track from the navigation screen by opening the [contextual menu](#) on the point in the map and selecting 'edit track point'.

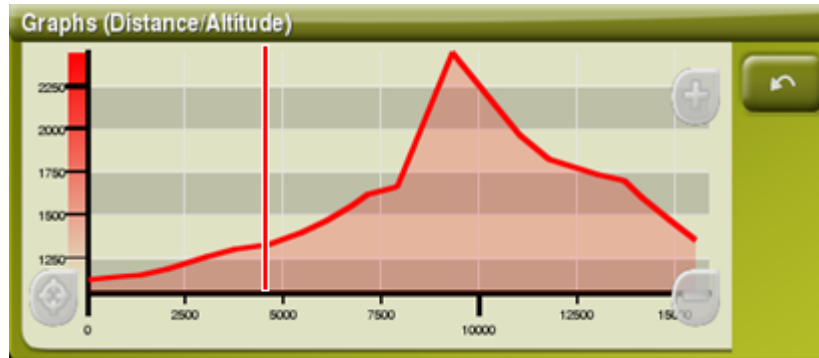
From the window that will open, you may enter:

- **Icon:** Choose the icon with which you wish to mark the position on this point of the track
- **Description:** You may include a note of your choice for this place.
- **Coordinates:** You may consult or modify the coordinates of the point.
- **Day and date**
- **Associations:** it associates image or sound files to your waypoints so they are displayed during navigation when reaching this point.

8.3.10 Track graph

You may visualize a graph of the loaded route in two ways:

- From the [tracks list](#): By selecting the [contextual menu](#) option of the route or by selecting the route and pressing the  button.
- Through the [data fields](#): You may place the 'route graph' file in any position within the data pages, however, it is recommended to use the space of the graph page for this end. ([+info](#)).





Possible actions:

- **Guiding Y axis** (red bar serving as moving axis).
- **Moving graph**: use the mouse wheel to **Zoom+/Zoom-** and display graph sections with more detailed precision (graph scrolling can also be applied by dragging the graph up and down as well as laterally).
- **Automatic re-center** (by pressing the mouse wheel or 're-center' button).

8.3.11 Activate a track (Navigate)

You may activate (navigate) a track in three ways:

- Menu "[Navigate...](#)"
- Contextual menu of the track in the tracks list (long click on the track in the tracks lists).
The tracks list also features a direct access button to the navigation function. 
- Contextual menu of the track on the map (long click on the track on the map).
- Navigate' button  is also available in [properties](#) window.

Once activated, TwoNav will guide you along the track by using two tools:

- **GOTO arrow**: In the 'next event' space, an arrow will be displayed to indicate a direction tangent to the track. It means you can take the direction of this arrow as a reference to keep going your way.

Note: If you are over 50 metres far from the track, the GOTO arrow will indicate the perpendicular to the track instead of the tangent. At this distance it will be considered that you are off the way that you should be following and that you must go back to it in the most direct possible way, i.e. perpendicularly.



Guide line: Your position will be joined to the track by means a perpendicular line between them. When you are over 50 metres from the track, this line will turn red.

Note: If the track you are following has over 100 points, the guide line will indicate the point closest to the track instead of the perpendicular.

8.3.12 Tracks contextual menu

To open the contextual menu on an element, keep the pressure on it for 1 second.

1. Contextual menu of a track inside the tracks list:

- Track properties ([+info](#))
- Close Track ([+info](#))
- Delete file ([+info](#))
- Close all except this one
- Save Track as... ([+info](#))
- Rename file ([+info](#))
- Graph window ([+info](#))
- Play ([+info](#))
- Zoom here ([+info](#))
- Edit the track ([+info](#))
- Send to
- Tools ([+info](#))
- Activate ([+info](#))

2. Contextual menu of a track on the map:

- New...
 - Waypoint here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin route here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin track here ([+ info](#))
- Track properties ([+info](#))
- Save Track ([+info](#))
- Close Track ([+info](#))
- Edit Track ([+info](#))
- Edit Track point ([+info](#))
- Activate ([+info](#))
- Legs ([+info](#))
 - Leg properties
 - Change leg here
 - Delete this leg
 - Save leg as
- Play Here ([+info](#))

8.4 Maps

TwoNav lets you manage a great variety of maps in an easy way.

You may get more maps to use with TwoNav in various ways, from buying them directly from our web page, to calibrate paper maps with [CompeGPS Land](#).

For further information go to www.compegps.com or www.twonav.com.

8.4.1 Supported formats

TwoNav can open directly next map formats:

- *.RMAP (CompeGPS Raster map format)
- *.ECW (Raster map format)
- *.VMAP/*MPVF (CompeGPS vector map format)
- *.IMP (calibration file requiring image file)
- *.MAP (calibration file requiring image file)
- *.CDEM (3D relief)
- *.NV2 (Navionics Marine charts)

More map formats can be imported and converted to these ones from CompeGPS Land/Air.

8.4.2 Types of maps

There are different basic types of maps:

- Vmap: **Road** maps with which the On-road* works.
- Topo: **Topographic** maps from CompeGPS.

- **CDEM** relieves: **Elevations** maps whose only information is the altitude of the grounds. When having a relief loaded we may enter the 3D+ and give altitude to the created waypoints, routes and tracks.
- **Marine charts**

Besides these three types of CompeGPS own ones, you may use other types of maps that you may get by other means (air images, topographic maps from other sources, scanned and calibrated paper maps, etc.).

* If the TwoNav memory does not contain any other road map, the On-road mode won't be activated. Enter the Map Shop in www.twonav.com.

8.4.2.1 Marine charts

Marine charts have specific information for nautical activities.

TwoNav Delta is compatible with Navionics marine charts (*.NV2 files). The user only needs to update the operating system of the device, At FAQs section of www.compegps.com you will more information on how to update the operating system.


These kind of map will enable several special functions related with nautical activities (POI info, depth data fields and alarms...).

8.4.3 Maps lists

Management of the maps is centralized in the maps list, however, it is also possible to carry out many other actions directly from the navigation screen by means of the [contextual menu](#).

See the [Data](#) section to learn the general operation of the lists.

By entering the maps list you will be able to see all the maps available in the 'TwoNavData/Maps' folder for your present position.

If you wish to see the complete list of maps (not just the ones of the present position), activate the 'see all' button. 

Each map has an icon to indicate which [type of map](#) it is:



Vectorial



Raster



Relief (CDEM)



If a map is present in maps folder but it is not activated (license required), a padlock will be added to the icon.

If you have selected a map, the buttons at the bottom of the screen will let you enter the most important functionalities this element has:



From left to right:

- [See all/See available ones for present position](#)
- [Properties](#)
- [Zoom here](#)
- [Name search](#)

8.4.4 Open and close


8.4.4.1 Automaps

By activating this position, TwoNav will try to load the best map in each moment.

- In **On-road** mode, the V-map (road map) of the area will be loaded and the rest will be closed.
- In **Off-road** mode, the map with the best resolution (not a V-map) will be loaded and any other Vmap will close.

If you want to keep the loaded maps when changing from one mode to another, deactivate the '[Automaps](#)' function.

8.4.4.2 Open map

From the [maps list](#), by pressing on the name of one of the available files, it will open. You will know it is open because it will be placed on the top of the list with the left square marked .

8.4.4.3 Close map



Press on the left check mark  of the open map for closing it.

The file will leave its position on the first places of the list and will return to its alphabetical position among the other unloaded files.


You may also enter this function from the [contextual menu](#) (in the maps list or on the navigation window) and pressing the 'close' (X) button from the bottom of the list.


8.4.5 Search a loaded map on screen

To centre a map on the screen:

1. Enter the Main Menu by pressing 
2. Select **Main Menu > Data > Maps**
3. Click on the map and choose between:
 - a. Press the  button
 - b. Enter the Contextual Menu of the map (long click on the name or on the 'Menu' button) and click on 'Zoom here'.

A window display in the track on the screen will open with the possibility of zooming in or out.


4. To exit the window you may choose between:
 - Press  and it will return to the tracks list.

- Press  and return to the navigation window keeping the focus you had in the zoom window.

8.4.6 Properties

You can check different data of a loaded map (description, map type, resolution, extension, etc.) from the properties window of the map.

You may enter this window in three ways:

- Direct button : brief click on the name of the map in the [list](#) and press the button at the bottom of the list.
- Contextual Menu of the map in the list
- Contextual Menu of the map in the navigation window

8.4.7 Multi-Maps

TwoNav lets you load more than one map at the same time. If you have two maps for the same area (e.g. an orthophoto and a topographic map) and load them at the same time, one of them will hide the other. The 'Multi-Maps' function lets you set this maps superposition by selecting the map you wish to be placed below or above the other.

To enter this tool, choose the '**Multi-Maps**' from the Contextual Menu of the map you wish to manage ('Main Menu > Data > Maps') and select 'Bring to the front' or 'Send back' as you prefer.

8.4.8 Contextual menu of the map

To open the contextual menu on an element, all you have to do is keep the pressure on it for 1 second.

1. Contextual menu of the map on the navigation screen:

- New...
 - Waypoint here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin route here ([+ info](#))
 - Begin track here ([+ info](#))
- Stop Nav.: You may stop your present navigation at any moment by this direct access alternative to 'menu > navigate to > Stop nav.'
- Navigate here ([+ info](#))
- Properties of the map ([+ info](#))
- Close map (name of map) ([+ info](#))
- Multi-map, Advanced...: ([+ info](#)).

2. Contextual menu of the map in the maps list:

- Properties of the map ([+ info](#))
- Close map ([+ info](#))
- Zoom here ([+ info](#))

- Multi-Maps, Advanced ([+ info](#))

9 Other functions

9.1 Simulation

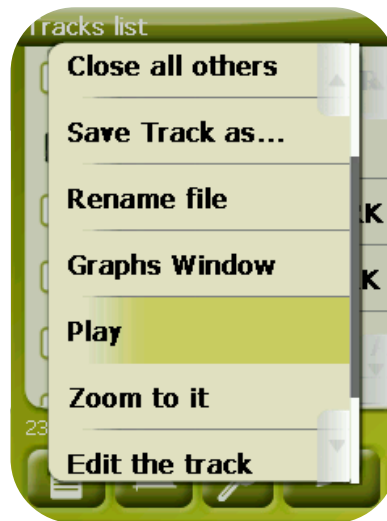
TwoNav lets you see a representation of the itinerary you are going to follow. It will be displayed with the position icon in green to distinguish it from the 'present position' icon in red.

It features two kinds of simulations:

- A->B (only in 'On-road' mode): From 'Main menu > Discover > Simulate', you may choose two points (POIs, addresses, favourites...) so it shows you the proposed route to go from point A to point B.



- Reproduce track: Open the Contextual Menu in the tracks list or with the track on the map and select '**Play**'. An animation of the itinerary will be displayed. During the animation, the simulated position will be shown with a green arrow and will become the prevailing one, so the position will be centred on it and the movement statistics will be related to it.



When simulation is running, some tools to manage it will appear in the tool bar:



- Pause: click on it to pause and again to resume
- FF/RW: click on it again to accelerate and again to return to normal speed
- FF to next/RW to prev: Jump to next event (waypoint or On-Road manoeuver)



To stop the simulation, you may go to 'Main menu > Discover > Stop sim.'

9.2 Zoom to...

The option 'Zoom to...' allows you to carry out a quick pre-visualization of the element you wish to see on the map*. There are a great number of elements to visualize:

- **Address:** if you have loaded a routable map, with this tool you will be able to see the address chosen by you and it will appear centred on the screen.
- **POI:** if you have loaded a routable map, you will be able to carry out a quick visualization of the Points of Interest (POIs), such as petrol stations theatres, etc.
- **Favourites:** you may establish places on the map as favourite points, as for example your home. If you have saved places as favourites, you will be able to zoom on them in order to see them centred on the map.
- **Data:** You will also be able to see waypoints, routes and tracks on the map. Although you do not need to have loaded the map on which this data was created, as pre-

visualization is based on the geographical coordinates, it is interesting to 'zoom to...' these element on the map for you to see the details of the ground where they were made.

- **Coordinates:** TwoNav allows you to quickly visualize concrete coordinates introduced by you. **Remember** that to visualize what these coordinates correspond to, you must have loaded a map of that area.

***Note:** the option 'Zoom to' shows you the element that you want to see in a window solely for this purpose that is not the same as the navigation window. However, when you carry out a 'Zoom to...' an element, when returning to the navigation window, the focus will still be on this element. To re-centre the focus on its present position you may use the '[Re-centre](#)' tools.

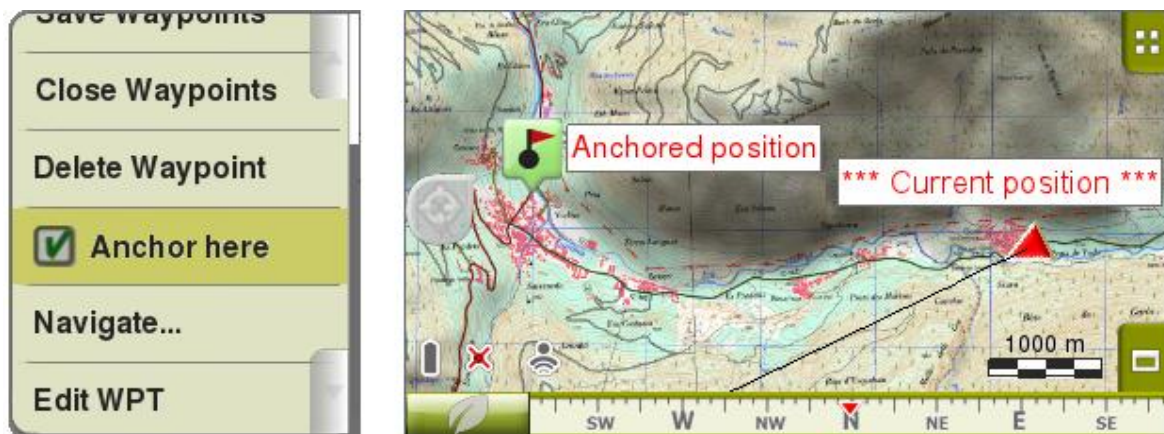
9.3 Anchor here

Fix a virtual position somewhere is to virtually replace the current position of the user for a new position in the map. In order to anchor a position apply any of these options:

- 'Main Window > Contextual menu > Anchor here'
- 'Main Menu > Data > Item > Contextual menu of a waypoint > Anchor here'

Once fixed, information displayed on data fields (e.g: proximity) is based according to the new anchored position, and not on the real position of the user. Moreover, if 'Anchor here' is pinned, options such as 'Recenter map' are applied to the anchored waypoint instead of the current position of the user.

In order to restore the current position as the default one, apply the same option to unpin the fixation.



9.4 Create your own Roadbooks

9.4.1 Definition

A roadbook diagram is a tool commonly used by Rally co-drivers and walkers to navigate the uncertain terrain. Generally, the roadbook contains several pages of charts, GPS coordinates and written instructions to help your navigation.

To make a roadbook you need 3 essential tools:

- A track
- The book where items are stored with the images and descriptions of each (can also be created by hand)
- The program CompeGPS Land 6.8.8.k version (or higher)

9.4.2 Images edition

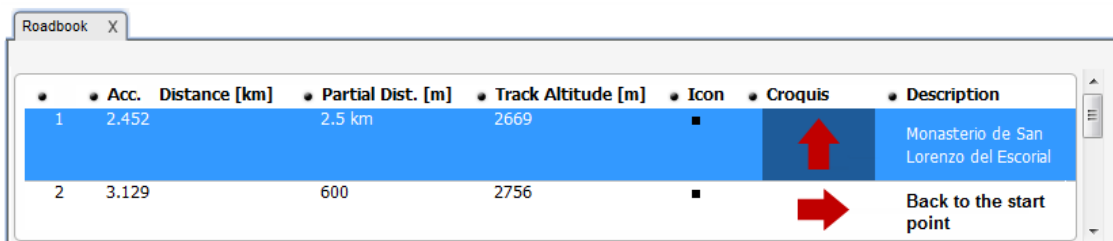
To associate the images to the file *BTRK (roadbook format), we should edit, cut, etc. using any image editor. When we have images with the appropriate cut made, we can proceed to save them. We recommend you to save the image with a simple name and any distinguishing number indicating the order to be used). Save them in *bmp format.

When using advanced image editors, you should resize the image to 128x128 pix size before saving them. If the image editor used does not allow resizing of images, we can achieve the suitable size with programs such as JPG Resizer. Once saved all the images we will use in the suitable format and size, we can start with the roadbook edition.

9.4.3 Roadbook creation with Land

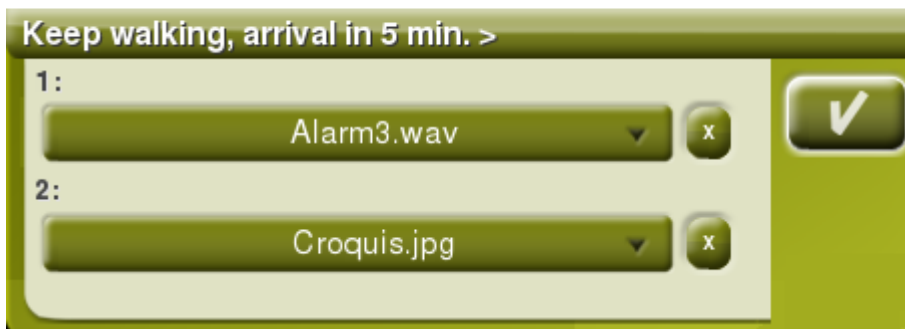
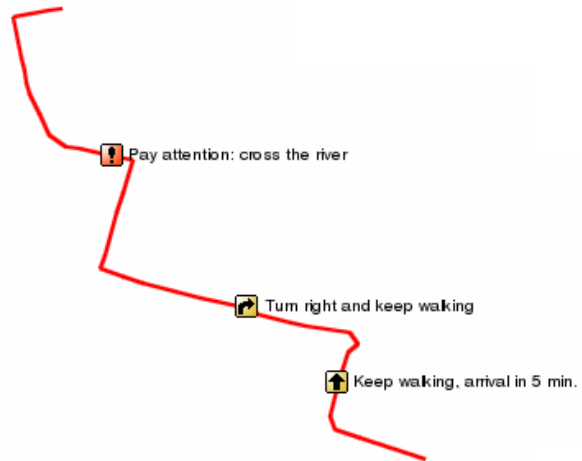
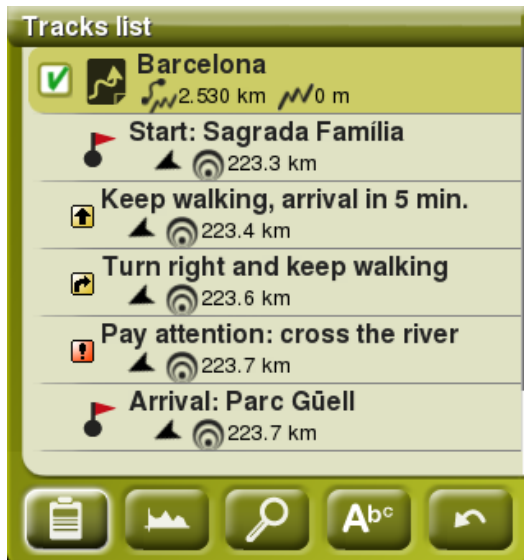
PC software is the perfect complement for your device. With Land you will be able to plan, analyze and make each of your trips unforgettable.

Start CompeGPS Land 6.8.8.k version (or higher) and then load the track that you recorded with TwoNav from 'Track> Open Track'. Once opened the track, do right-click and select 'edit Roadbook' (6.8.8.k version). At the bottom we will see a menu, and at the left, an image list. Now place you on the Waypoint where you know there is a fork or maneuver we want to highlight. Click on this point of the track with the right button and select the option 'Create Roadbook point here'.



Do double-click inside the field 'Sketch' and look for the image on the folder where you have saved it in 128x128 pix. Now repeat the same action in the 'Description' field, but this time describing the characteristics of the item to perform the maneuver with words. You must repeat this process until the end of the roadbook, describing each item and linking the image it represents.

Note: Associated files (images, text documents, sound alarms, HTML files...) can be associated to any waypoint by opening the contextual menu of the track at the right location where the associated file will be attached: 'Edit track point > Associated > associate file'.



9.4.4 Save a roadbook

Once done, save the file format in *TRK format. Close everything and restart CompeGPS Land, loading the file you just saved. Do right click on the Track and select the option 'Save As...' changing the format from *TRK to *BTRK format. You have completed the roadbook.


Note: You must try not to lose/delete never the file *TRK, as the *BTRK is not editable. So if you want to change some parameter of the roadbook, you must modify the file *TRK and then save it back to *BTRK, so that it links the track with the associated files.

9.4.5 Navigate a roadbook in TwoNav

Once the *BTRK is saved, you can open it with our navigation software TwoNav. You can load a map behind, display in 3D and much more.



When performing a roadbook, the user gets the chance to configure the distance to automatically reproduce the attached files, press 'Main Menu > Settings > Navigation > Alarms > Waypoints' and fix the value 'Default radius for WPTs' according to your preferences.

When getting close to a waypoint containing an associated file, an alert warning  will be displayed at the infocurrent bar. At this moment, you will be able to display the attachment by clicking on the clip.



Different types of attached files can be associated to waypoints, but remember that each type of file might be displayed differently: images (a pop up viewer will appear showing the associated image of that waypoint), audio files (sound will be automatically reproduced when getting close to the waypoint), TXT/HTML files (texts will be fully displayed on the screen)...

10 Geocaching

TwoNav provides all the necessary tools to practice 'paperless' Geocaching, from reading GPX files with Groundspeak extensions to the generation of field notes which can be uploaded to Geocaching.com.

Geocaching tools are centralized in 'Menu > Discover > Geocaching'. Here you can find easy and quick access to the most important functions. In addition to this, you can also work with geocaching files like as any other waypoints file.

10.1 Compatible Geocaching files

In order to be fully compatible with paperless Geocaching, a waypoints' file needs to have 'geocaching extensions' which provide information about geocache (description, difficulty, terrain, etc.).

These files are typically available in GPX format from Geocaching.com. TwoNav can read directly these GPX files, but they can also be converted to WPT or BWPT format keeping their 'geocaching extensions'.

LOC files will also be listed when choosing a 'geocaching' destination, but these files cannot be considered as fully compatible with Geocaching because they don't include 'geocaching extensions', so extra information as description or field notes will not be available.

Files with geocaching extensions are read differently to other waypoint files to optimize time and memory. Due to this, they can not be edited in TwoNav. Geocaching files are currently 'read only'.

10.2 Geocaching menu

Geocaching tools are centralized in 'Menu > Discover > Geocaching', from where you can control all the stages of geocache hunting:

1. [Select a geocache](#) to hunt -> 'Navigate...'
2. [Access all of its information](#) -> 'General', 'Description', 'Encoded hints', 'Associated'
3. Check [field notes](#) from other users and generate your own ones -> 'Field notes'

Note: Geocaching menu is not available in On-Road mode for 2.2 version.

10.3 Setting a geocache as destination

You can set a geocache as destination in 3 different ways:

1. 'Menu > Navigate... > Geocache'*
2. 'Menu > Discover > Geocaching > Navigate...'*
3. Like any other waypoint from waypoint properties or context menu.

* Not present in On-Road mode

Waypoints can be ordered in different ways. Open [context menu](#) on waypoints file name and select 'Sort by' to choose the rule to order waypoints (name, proximity, etc).

10.4 Geocache's specific properties

Geocaches normally include extra information comparing to normal waypoints.

When looking at properties of a geocache, specific information will be found in 3 sections:

- General: Next properties can be found in addition to standard waypoint properties:
 - Difficulty
 - Terrain
 - Type
 - Container
 - Country
 - State
 - Placed by

- Owner
- Link: Not specific of geocaches, but normally used as reference to find geocache info in the web.
- Descriptions
 - Short description
 - Long description
 - Encoded hints
 - Travel bugs
- Field notes: You can see notes from other users or [create your own notes](#).
 - Logs: Check the field notes from users who previously attempted that geocache.
 - Status: The current state of that geocache for you.
 - Comment: Extending information about status.
 - Date: Of the latest field note for that geocache.

Most of this specific information can also be accessed from '[menu > Discover > Geocaching](#)' for geocache which is currently set as destination.

10.5 Generating field notes

In addition to see field notes of other users, TwoNav allows to create your own field notes regarding to any geocache which of a compatible file.

- You can generate fields notes for the geocache which is **currently set as destination** from 'menu > Discover > Geocaching > Field notes'.
- You can generate field notes for **any geocache** from 'menu > data > Waypoints'. Just select the geocache and access its '[properties](#)', 'Field notes' section.



Once in 'Field notes' window, choose a 'Status' for that geocache. You can also add a comment. Press 'OK' and field note will be saved in 'geocache_visits.txt' file.

'geocache_visits.txt' file can used to easily upload your field notes to www.geocaching.com.

Note: While this document is written, there aren't specific instructions to upload TwoNav's field notes. Instructions for other GPS devices like Garmin Colorado or Oregon are applicable to TwoNav. Just find 'geocache_visits.txt' file in TwoNavData/Data folder and upload it.

10.6 Geocaches with associated files

TwoNav allows to work with waypoints which have associated files, like images, sounds or texts. Waypoints of a geocache can also have associated files (images, sounds and texts). See '[Associated files](#)' at 'Waypoints' section.

Files which are associated to a waypoint can be played manually (by waypoints list, context menu or infocurrent) or automatically when entering radius of that waypoint ([+info](#)). Autoplay can be configured from '[Menu > Settings > Navigation > WPT alert](#)'.

If a Geocaching file has associated files, they can also be reproduced from 'menu > Discover > Geocaching', after setting geocache as destination.

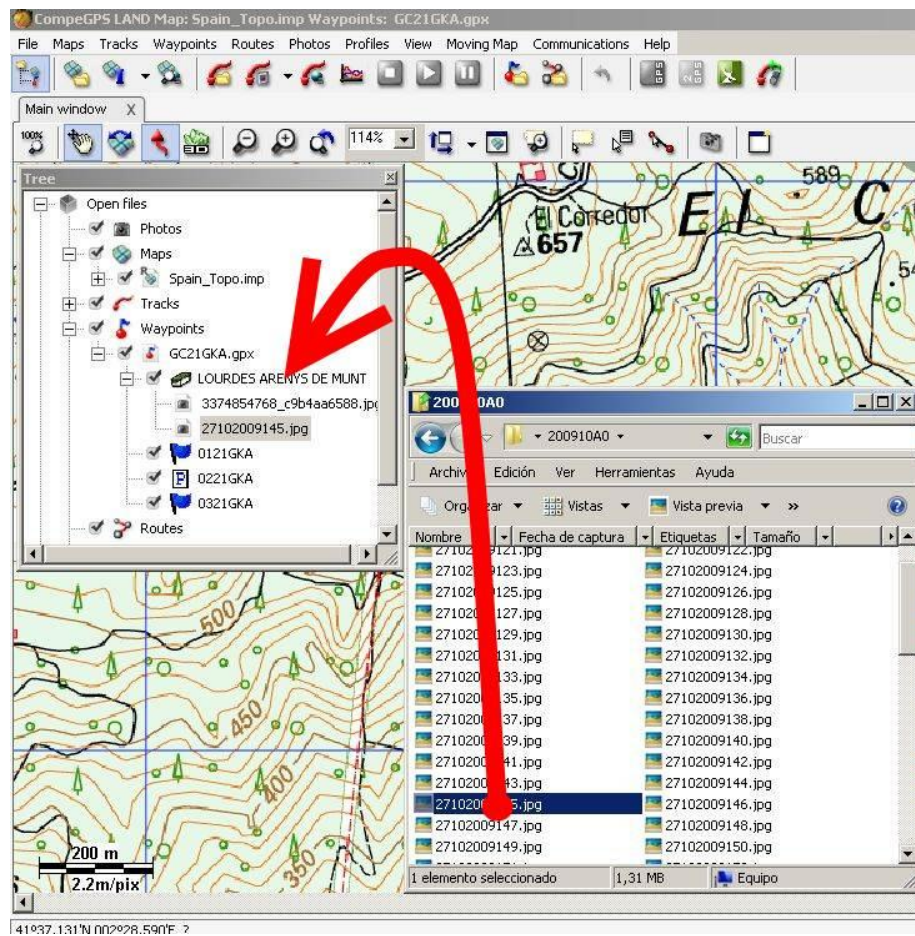
10.6.1 Add associated files to a geocache

It is not possible to edit Geocaching files from TwoNav.

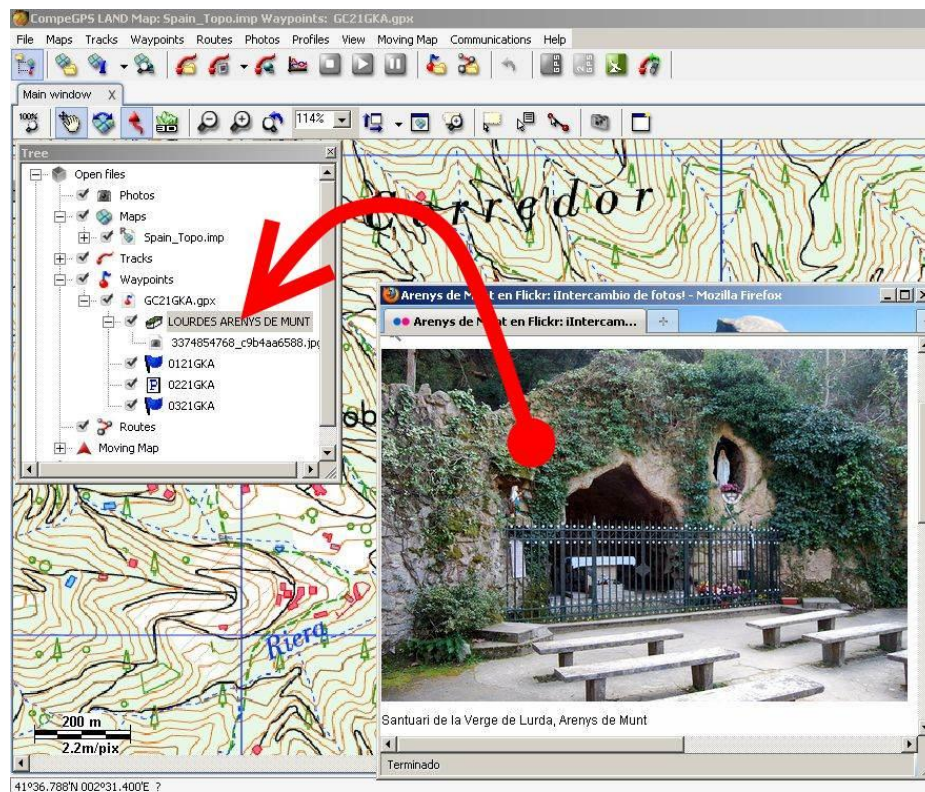
Edition has to be done from CompeGPS Land 7.1* or higher.

Follow next steps to associate files to a geocaching file from CompeGPS Land:

1. Start CompeGPS Land and open geocaching file (normally *.GPX file). Geocaches will appear in 'Waypoints' section of data bar.
2. Add files to geocache by one of the next methods:
 - a. Drag files from Windows explorer: Keep left mouse button pressed on the file and drag to the waypoint to associate.



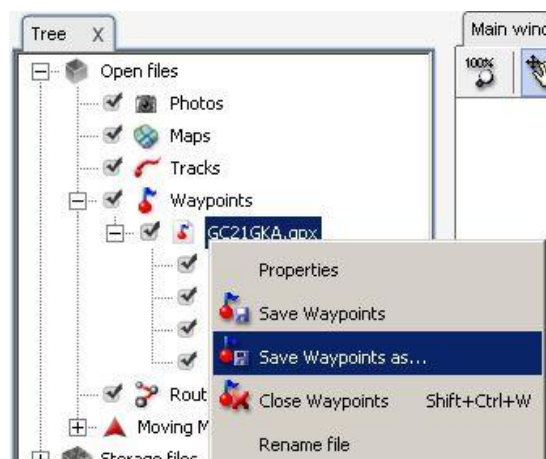
- b. Drag files from Internet browser: Dragging can be also done directly from browser. Just drag the image to waypoint at the tree.



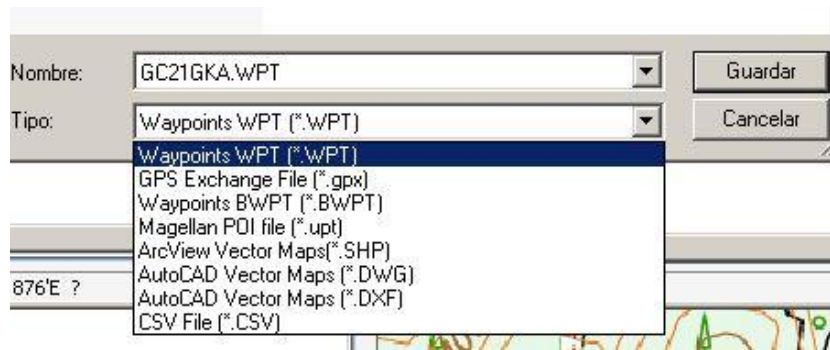
c. From [waypoint properties](#), 'associated' section.

3. Save file in *.WPT format:

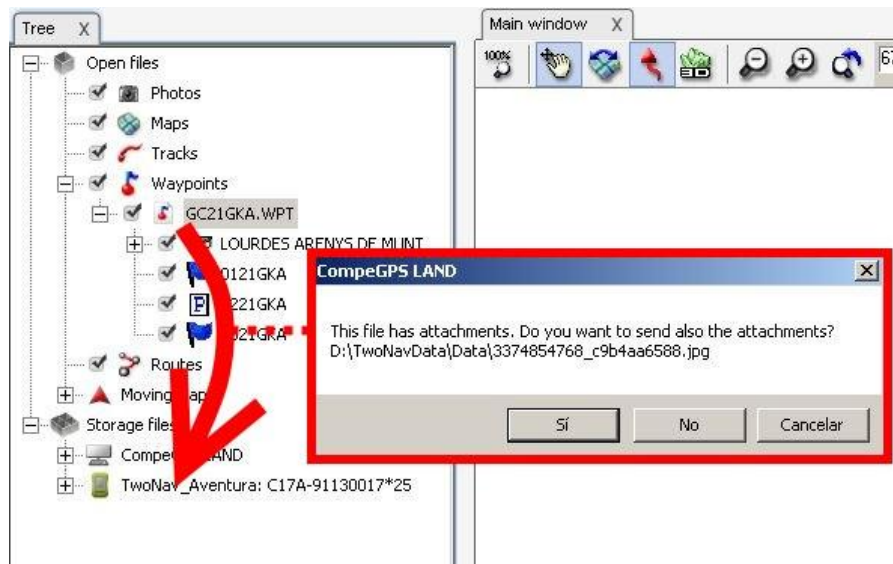
a. Open context menu on waypoints file and select 'Save waypoints as...'



b. Choose 'type' *.WPT.



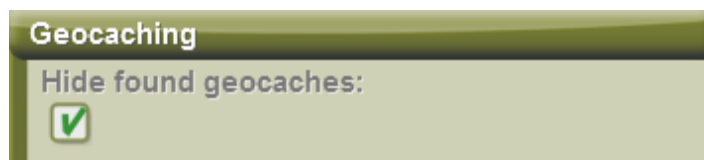
4. Resulting file will be compatible with geocaching (keeping geocaching extensions) and will include links to associated files. When sending to TwoNav (see '[communication](#)' section), CompeGPS Land will ask to send associated files besides waypoints file. Answer yes, so associated files will be available in TwoNav so they can be reproduced.



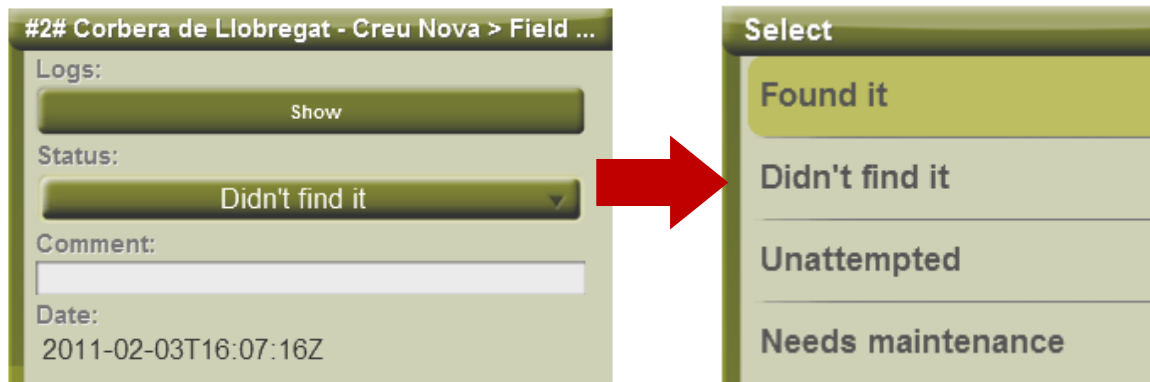
* CompeGPS Land 7.1 is still not released while this document is written. Check current availability of official or beta versions at www.compegps.com .

10.7 Geocache status

At 'Settings > Display > Geocaching', the user will be able to show or hide geocaches.



Geocaches which have been labelled as 'found geocache', won't appear in the list. By doing this, the user won't need to see geocaches that were previously found.



11 Communication with CompeGPS Land (PC software)

CompeGPS Land is the perfect software to manage all your data comfortably from your PC.

You can get the latest version of CompeGPS Land/Air from www.compegps.com. You can also download full manual in several languages.

After installing it, just connect the portable device to PC and CompeGPS Land will automatically detect the device and display it on the 'Storage files' branch in the data tree.

Under the name of the device you can view its contents classified by type of item (tracks, routes, waypoints, maps).

In the data tree will also appear, as one device more, CompeGPS Land, showing the data stored in the default folders.

Once connected, you can perform various operations with the device:

- Open files
- Transfer files
- Activate protected contents
- Update the software of the device

Note: GPS TwoNav Delta needs a minimum tension to be started. If battery is completely empty, PC USB connection can not provide it, the device will not start. Same situation can happen with some wall chargers. At FAQs section of www.compegps.com you will more information on how to solve this supply problem.

11.1 Open files of a device

Open a file from a connected device is as easy as double clicking its name in the tree data.

Once opened, the file appears in the branch 'open files' of the data tree and you will be able to work with it as with any open item.

Remember that the file is still stored in the memory of the device. If you want to save it on the PC, you should do 'right click> Save as' or transfer as shown in the following paragraph.

11.2 Transfer files between PC and device

File transfer "PC <-> Device" can be done basically in 2 ways: with the context menu or by dragging the file directly in the data tree.

If a file is protected (requires license), when transferring it will ask for the register code to activate the target device. If the activation is not done, you will not be able to use that file in the device.

Note: You can transfer more than one file at a time. Simply hold down the CTRL key while selecting. You can also use the SHIFT key to select multiple files that are listed consecutively.

11.2.1 Transfer by the context menu

You can open the context menu for an element, either in the data tree or on the map, by right-clicking on it. To transfer the file to another location just select the option '**Send to...**' and choose the destination

Note: 'Send to' option has been removed from non-connectable devices.

In addition there is the option 'Select Folder' to place the file anywhere in the system via Windows explorer.

11.2.2 Transfer by dragging through the data tree

You can move files from the data tree by holding left mouse button and moving the file from its origin to its destination.

For example, if you want to move a track from the memory of your GPS to the PC, locate it and drag it from the tracks folder of the device to the branch 'CompeGPS Land'. Release the element on the name of the target device and it will be automatically placed in the default folder for that kind of files.

You can also drag files you have open (listed in the branch 'open files' of data tree) to devices listed in 'storage files'.

11.2.3 Transfer protected files

Some files (usually maps) are protected to prevent illegal copying.

When you try to transfer a protected file to a new device, it will alert you of its condition and will ask you a register code (license) to activate the file on the target device.

If you transfer more than one protected file at a time (using the CTRL or SHIFT key), it will ask successively the necessary codes. You can also transfer protected files without activating them and then activate them using any of the available methods (see section [Activation](#)).

11.3 Activate maps in a device

You can activate maps in a device in different ways. The easiest way is right clicking on the map in the data tree and select 'Activate for this device' ([+ Info](#)).

You can also activate the map when transferring from PC to the device ([+ info](#)).

11.4 Update the software of a device

CompeGPS Land can automatically update the software on different TwoNav platforms (Aventura, Sportiva, Sportiva+, Delta, Evadeo...).

To access to the updates:

1. Connect the device through direct communication (USB plug and check that appears in the data tree)
2. Do right click on its label in 'storage files' and select 'Update TwoNav Software'.
3. If there is a more recent version than the one installed in the device, it will offer a download. Accept it.

The download and installation process will take several minutes.

4. When finished, you can boot the device normally.

12 Support

If you have any kind of doubt or problem with the system, you may check the support sections of the CompeGPS (www.compegps.com) or TwoNav (www.twonav.com) pages.

To make personalized enquiries you may use the 'on-line' CompeGPS support system by entering the <http://support.compegps.com> space.

13 Limited warranty

CompeGPS Team SL guarantees that this product is free from defects in material or workmanship for two years from the date of purchase.

During warranty period, CompeGPS Team SL commits to repair any defective product or replace it for a functional one, without guarantee about preservation of any data that may be stored in it.

CompeGPS Team SL does not guarantee the quality of the included maps, being free of any responsibility that may be derived from them.

Wear and tear effects that may happen in some elements (like screen, buttons, rubber caps or moving parts) are out of guarantee.

Present warranty will be cancelled if any of the next circumstances happen:

- 1- Rough handling in any form: strong hits, pricks, torsions, compressions, vibrations etc.
- 2- Inappropriate exposure to water, dust, extreme thermal conditions, corrosion, oxidation or chemical substances
- 3- Manipulation of the product by non-allowed devices or applications, particularly if trying to install any other software than the authorized (supplied exclusively in CompeGPS Team SL web spaces www.compegps.com and www.twonav.com) or using illegal activation keys not provided by CompeGPS Team SL.

4- Disassembling, modifying or repairing when not performed by CompeGPS Team SL technical service.

CompeGPS Team SL will not be liable for any damage derived from the use or bad use of the product, being free of any obligation if any accident occurs when the device is used in any mean of transport.

Any demand must be performed contacting with CompeGPS Team SL by one of these ways:

1- Through the reseller that made the sale of the product.

2- By the CompeGPS' on-line free support service, accessing from <http://support.compegps.com> web page.

Once the contact has been confirmed, next steps to execute your guaranty will be communicated to the client.

Any demand must come with its correspondent original receipt, where vendor name and address, date and place of purchase and type of product must be specified.

Any shipping costs are the sole responsibility of the customer.

14 Appendix 1 – Data fields

Next is a list of the items that you can find in the Data page or in the Data bar if it has been set.

By default, only fields of frequent use will be shown, alphabetically ordered. If 'infinite' button is pressed, full list of data fields will be shown.



More frequent:

- **Accumulated Climb:** Total amount climbed from departure to the present position
- **Altitude:** Altitude over the sea level
- **Ascent to destination:** Difference between the altitude of destination and present altitude
- **Ascent to next:** Difference between the altitude of the next waypoint and the present one
- **Bearing**
- **Bearing to the next:** Course towards which the next waypoint is
- **Chronometer**
- **City:** Exact location where you are at the moment (Vectorial map required).
- **Compass:** Inner GPS compass
- **Coordinates**
- **Deviation from route:** Distance to active route
- **Dist. to destination:** Distance to destination (last waypoint of the route)
- **Distance to the next:** Distance to the to the next waypoint

- **Est. Hour at Dest.** : Estimated time of arrival to destination (last waypoint of the route) at present speed
- **Est. Hour at Next** : Estimated time of arrival to the next waypoint (at present speed)
- **E.T. Dest:** Estimated time to reach destination (last waypoint of the route) (at current speed)
- **E.T. Next:** Estimated time to reach next waypoint (at current speed)
- **E.T. Dest (cruise):** Estimated time to reach destination (last waypoint of the route) (at cruise speed).
- **E.T. Next (cruise):** Estimated time to reach next waypoint (at cruise speed).
- **Goto arrow:** Arrow that indicates the direction to the next waypoint
- **Max. sp.:** Maximum speed in current flight
- **Mean moving speed:** average of all speeds above the minimum speed movement.
- **Mean speed:** average of all speeds.
- **Odometer Total 1:** Accumulated distance of all your outings. It is not automatically reset when turning off the device.
- **Pace:** speed in minute/kilometer.
- **Partial CO₂ emission:** CO₂ emission from departure. It is reset every time the device is turned off
- **Partial distance:** Counter of distance covered from the beginning of departure. It is reset every time the device is turned off
- **Route percentage:** % of the route that has been already done.
- **Route graph:** Shows the graph of the route as it is being covered
- **Speed:** Present speed
- **Slope:** Slope of our present movement
- **Slope in next kilometer:** slope from now in 1 kilometer.
- **Slope to next waypoint:** slope from now to the next waypoint
- **Slope to destination:** remaining slope till destination
- **Time:** Present time according to the selected time zone
- **Time stopped:** Time gone without advancing
- **Time moving:** Time gone while moving
- **Track graph:** Shows the track from the data page

Less frequent:

- **Accumulated Descent:** Total of the descents made from departure to the present position
- **AGL(Air):** Altitude from Ground Level.
- **Alt. at next (Air):** Predicted altitude in next waypoint, if current trajectory is maintained.
- **Battery:** Remaining energy in PC/PDA
- **Current power**

- **Differential GPS:** GPS gives differential signal (submetric accuracy)
- **Free Memory:** It shows the free memory of the system
- **GPS Altitude:** Present altitude that the GPS perceives via satellites
- **GPS Bearing:** Direction followed according to the GPS system
- **HDOP:** Horizontal Dilution Of Precision (estimated current accuracy of the GPS)
- **VDOP:** Vertical Dilution Of Precision (estimated current vertical accuracy of the GPS).
- **PDOP:** Position Dilution Of Precision (estimated current position accuracy of the GPS).
- **L. Alt. (Air):** Altitude of the land looking at the loaded DEM file
- **L/D Goal (Air):** Minimum glide ratio required to reach the Goal (going through all intermediate waypoints) (distance to goal divided by goal's altitude over ground level).
- **L/D Req. (Air):** Minimum glide ratio required to reach next waypoint (distance to waypoint divided by waypoint's altitude over ground level).
- **L/D (glide ratio) (Air):** Glide ratio, dividing horizontal distance by vertical (descending). A high glide ratio means a good gliding, while a low one means a fast descent.
- **Maximum altitude:** Reached in this outing
- **Maximum power**
- **Mean power**
- **Name of the track file**
- **Next WPT:** Name of the waypoint you are going to
- **Norm. Acc:** Normal acceleration (perpendicular to movement, in circular movements)
- **Number of points:** Track points saved up to this moment
- **Number of satellites in use:** Satellites fixed in that moment
- **Place:** When a vector map is loaded with information about the zone, this will show the name of the element which fits with our current position
- **Precision:** GPS error margin
- **Partial energy:** Odometer energy (partial)
- **Total energy:** Odometer energy (total)
- **Speed limit:** It shows the speed limit established for the road
- **Sunrise:** Indicates the time of sunrise, considering parameters such as time zone and season of the year
- **Sunset:** It tells the time it will get dark considering parameters such as time zone and season of the year
- **Tangential acceleration**
- **Total CO₂ emission:** CO₂ emission of all your outings. It does not automatically reset when the device is turned off

- **Total Odom.2:** Secondary counter of aggregate distance of all your trips. It is not reseted automatically when device is shutdown
- **Turning radius**
- **Velocity made good (VMG):** That's the right direction's velocity component of a ship to the following mark.
- **Vertical speed**

15 Appendix 2 – Equivalences of peculiar signs

When having to introduce an address into the TwoNav system for searching cities and streets, you may find that you have to introduce signs that do not appear in the system keypad.

Next follows a table of equivalences for you to know which sign to introduce to be considered as the 'peculiar' sign.

'A'	'À', 'Á', 'Ä', 'Â', 'Å', 'Ã', 'Æ'
'C'	'Ç'
'D'	'Ð'
'E'	'É', 'È', 'Ë', 'Ê'
'I'	'Í', 'Ì', 'Ī', 'Î'
'N'	'Ñ'
'O'	'Ó', 'Ò', 'Ö', 'Ô', 'Ø', 'Õ', 'Œ'
'S'	'Š', 'ß'
'T'	'Þ'
'U'	'Ú', 'Ù', 'Ü', 'Û'
'Y'	'Ý', 'ÿ'
'Z'	'Ž'
' ', ' ', '\'	' ' (space)

Therefore, if you have to introduce 'LidlStraße' you will have to press 'S' instead of ß.